Waste Tank Summary Report for Month Ending September 30, 1998



Prepared for the U.S. Department of Energy Office of Environmental Restoration and Waste Management



Hanford Management and Integration Contractor for the U.S. Department of Energy under Contract DE-AC06-96RL13200

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Waste Tank Summary Report for Month Ending September 30, 1998

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Lockheed Martin Hanford Corp.

Date Published
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Prepared for the U.S. Department of Energy Office of Environmental Restoration and Waste Management

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WASTE TANK SUMMARY REPORT

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ABSTRACT

This report is the official inventory for radioactive waste stored in underground tanks in the 200 Areas at the Hanford Site. Data that depict the status of stored radioactive waste and tank vessel integrity are contained within the report. This report provides data on each of the existing 177 large underground waste storage tanks and 63 smaller miscellaneous underground storage tanks and special surveillance facilities, and supplemental information regarding tank surveillance anomalies and ongoing investigations. This report is intended to meet the requirement of U. S. Department of Energy-Richland Operations Office Order 5820.2A, Chapter I, Section 3.e. (3) (DOE-RL, 1990, Radioactive Waste Management, U. S. Department of Energy-Richland Operation Office, Richland, Washington) requiring the reporting of waste inventories and space utilization for Hanford Tank Farm Tanks.

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1				
_	2.54 centimeters			
=	30.48 centimeters			
=	3.80 liters			
1 ton = 0.90 metric tons				
	=	= 30.48 centimeters = 3.80 liters		

1 Btu/h = 2.930711 E-01 watts (International Table)

WASTE TANK SUMMARY REPORT FOR MONTH ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1998

Note: Changes from the previous month are in bold print.

I WASTE TANK STATUS

Quantity	Date of Last Change
28 double-shell	10/86
149 single-shell	07/88
67 single-shell	7/93
28 double-shell 82 single-shell	1986 7/93
119 single-shell	11/97
30 single-shell	11/97
108 single-shell	09/96
36 single-shell	09/96
32 single-shell 6 double-shell 38 tanks	9/96 ^h 6/93
	28 double-shell 149 single-shell 67 single-shell 28 double-shell 82 single-shell 119 single-shell 30 single-shell 108 single-shell 36 single-shell 32 single-shell

^{*} All 149 single-shell tanks were removed from service (i.e., no longer authorized to receive waste) as of November 21, 1980.

^b Of the 119 tanks classified as Interim Stabilized, 64 are listed as Assumed Leakers. The total of 119 Interim Stabilized tanks includes one tank that does not meet current established supernatant and interstitial liquid stabilization criteria. (See Table I-1 footnotes, item #2)

⁶ Six double-shell tanks are currently included on the Hydrogen Watch List and are thus prohibited from receiving waste in accordance with "Safety Measures for Waste Tanks at Hanford Nuclear Reservation," Section 3137 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1991, November 5, 1990, Public Law 101-510.

⁴ Of the 32 single-shell tanks on Watch Lists, 11 have been Interim Stabilized.

⁶ Of the 32 single-shell tanks on Watch Lists, 11 have completed Intrusion Prevention (this category replaced Interim Isolation). (See Appendix C for "Intrusion Prevention" definition).

Three of these tanks are Assumed Leakers (BY-105, BY-106, SX-104). (See Table H-1)

⁸ See Section A tables for more information on Watch List Tanks. Eight tanks (A-101, S-102, S-111, SX-103, SX-106, U-103, U-105, and U-107) are currently on more than one Watch List.

^h Dates for the Watch List tanks are "officially added to or removed from the Watch List" dates. (See Table A-1, Watch List Tanks, for further information.)

¹ The TY tank farm was officially declared Controlled, Clean, and Stable in March 1996. The TX tank farm and BX tank farms were declared CCS in September 1996. (BX-103 has been declared to have met current interim stabilization criteria, and is included in CCS - see also Appendix I).

II. WASTE TANK INVESTIGATIONS

This section includes all single-shell tanks or catch tanks which are showing <u>surface level or interstitial liquid level (ILL)</u> decreases, or drywell radiation level increases in excess of established criteria.

There are currently no tanks under investigation for ILL decreases or drywell radiation level increases which exceed the criteria. Drywell monitoring is done on an "as needed basis" with the exception of tanks C-105 and C-106 which are monitored monthly.

A. Assumed Leakers or Assumed Re-leakers: (See Appendix C for definition of "Re-leaker")

This section includes all single- or double-shell tanks or catch tanks for which an off-normal or unusual occurrence report has been issued, or for which a waste tank investigation is in progress, for assumed leaks or re-leaks. Tanks/catch tanks will remain on this list until either a) completion of Interim Stabilization, b) the updated occurrence report indicates that the tank/catch tank is not an assumed leaker, or c) the investigation is completed.

There are currently no tanks for which an off-normal or unusual occurrence report has been issued for assumed leaks or re-leaks.

B. Tanks with increases indicating possible intrusions:

This section includes all single-shell tanks and related receiver tanks for which the surveillance data show that the surface level or ILL has met or exceeded the increase criteria, or are still being investigated.

<u>Candidate Intrusion List:</u> Increase criteria in the following tanks indicate possible intrusions; however, no funds were allocated for performing intrusion investigations in FY 1998, due to higher priority work in the area of safe storage.

Tank 241-B-202
Tank 241-BX-101
Tank 241-BX-103
Tank 241-BY-103
Tank 241-C-101

244-AR Tanks and Sumps: Currently, all ventilation systems at 244-AR are shut down. Based on the weight factor gauges for the sumps and tanks, Tank 001 contains 1,300 gallons, Tank 002 contains 12,250 gallons, Tank 003 contains 2,000 gallons, and Tank 004 contains 250 gallons. Sump 001 contains 15.5 gallons, Sump 002 contains 0-2 gallons, and Sump 003 contains 3,300 gallons. There was no change in tank/sump contents as of September 30, 1998. Status of jet pumping: first attempts at jetting were unsuccessful. The next attempt to jet pump will be FY99, depending on funding.

Catch Tank 241-TX-302-C: The ENRAF readings have been gradually decreasing since pumping on April 27, 1998. After the catch tank was pumped, a new baseline of 7.0 inches was established. There has been a gradual decrease from 7.0 to 6.32 inches.

Resolution: The possibility of evaporation as the cause of the decrease is being investigated.

III. SURVEILLANCE AND WASTE TANK STATUS HIGHLIGHTS

1. Single-Shell Tanks Saltwell Jet Pumping (See Table E-6 footnotes for further information)

<u>Tank 241-SX-104</u> - Pumping occurred September 1 and 2 but was interrupted for the annual pressure test on the transfer line to 244-S. Pumping resumed on September 11 and continued through September 12 when it

was interrupted due to a problem with the flammable gas monitor. A transfer to 244-S was performed on September 17, and pumping resumed again on September 18 after the flammable gas monitor was repaired. On September 22, pumping was interrupted again to allow work to progress on the installation of intrinsically safe leak detectors. Pumping will be resumed in early October; 5.1 Kgallons were pumped in September. A total of 138.2 Kgallons has been pumped from this tank.

Tank 241-SX-106 - The saltwell screen is installed.

Tank 241-T-104 - Pumping resumed on June 7, 1998; 4.6 Kgallons were pumped in September. Actual volume of liquid remaining to be pumped is still a rough estimate. Volumes will be corrected as porosity data becomes available with continued pumping; 1629 gallons of raw water were used during September for pumping operations. A total of 135.4 Kgallons has been pumped from this tank.

<u>Tank 241-T-110</u> - Pumping resumed in July after the pump was replaced; 2.5 Kgallons were pumped in September. Actual volume of liquid remaining to be pumped is still a rough estimate. Volumes will be corrected as porosity data becomes available with continued pumping; 1153 gallons of raw water were used during September for pumping operations. A total of 28.2 Kgallons has been pumped from this tank.

2. Single-Shell Tank TPA Interim Stabilization Milestones

All M-41-xx Milestones are being renegotiated. See also Table I-2, Tri-Party Agreement Single-Shell Tank Interim Stabilization Schedule.

3. Tank Waste Remediation System Safety Initiatives

The U. S. Secretary of Energy has directed that six safety initiatives be implemented in the Tank Waste Remediation System Program to accelerate the mitigation/resolution of the high priority waste tank safety issues at the Hanford Site. Forty-two milestones were established for accomplishing the initiatives.

Safety Initiative SI 21 "Close SY Farm Flammable Gas Unreviewed Safety Questions (USQ)" was completed in September.

The following Safety Initiatives remain to be completed:

SI 4a - Upgrade Alarm Panels in Seven Tank Farms

SI 4c - Complete Accelerated Walk-Downs and Field Verify Essential Drawings

SI 6d - Initiative C-106 Accelerated Retrieval

Completion dates for Safety Initiatives 4c and 4d have been missed.

SI 4a - An assessment of the Completion Record is being evaluated for this Safety Initiative.

4. Double-Shell Tank 241-SY-101 Waste Level Increase

Although the waste level in tank SY-101 has risen slowing and steadily since last February, the surface level and hydrogen venting are within safety and operating limits. A mixer pump was installed in the tank in July 1993, which circulates liquid wastes from the tank's upper layer down to the bottom where jet nozzles discharge the fluid about two feet from the bottom. This prevents gas bubbles from building up at the bottom, and results in venting of small steady gas releases, rather than in large infrequent gas releases. Investigations continue on why the surface level is rising. The tank is venting the same volumes of hydrogen now as before the surface began rising, which indicates massive amounts of gas are not collecting within the tank.

Resolution Status: On February 11, 1998, the PRC recommended that the DOE-RL declare an Unreviewed Safety Question (USQ) over the continued level growth observed in this tank. The PRC implemented a standing order (SO) that placed operational restrictions on mixer pump operations. The SO released Operations from required actions at

waste levels of 402 inches as measured by the Riser IC ENRAF. Riser 1A was rebaselined from 403.65 to 417.5 inches in August, USQ approval #TF-98-0852. Riser 1C has readings of 405.24 inches. A letter is being prepared to submit to DOE to relax the 406 inch and 422 inch mixer pump operational controls. (See also Unusual Occurrence Report RL-PHMC-TANKFARM-1997-0106 below).

5. Characterization Progress Status (See Appendix J)

Characterization is understanding the Hanford tank waste chemical, physical, and radiological properties to the extent necessary to ensure safe storage and interim operation, and ultimate disposition of the waste.

Characterization Progress for September:

Tank Characterization activities were hampered this month by mechanical failures and preventative maintenance schedules. However, 241-AZ-102 core sampling has begun, and tanks 241-S-103 and SY-102 were grab sampled for compatibility purposes. Vapor grab sampling of tanks with Standard Hydrogen Monitoring System cabinets was performed to schedule.

6. TANKFARM-1997-0106, Unusual Occurrence Report, "Potential Inadequacy in the
Authorization Basis for Tank 241-SY-101." dated February 13, 1998. (This report was originally
issued as "Off-Normal" on December 30, 1997, and upgraded to "Unusual" on February 13, 1998)

On December 29, 1997, an Unreviewed Safety Question (USQ) screening on a potential inadequacy in the Authorization Basis for tank SY-101 was presented to the TWRS Plant Review Committee (PRC). During 1997, the tank waste surface level in SY-101 began to increase in a manner which is not consistent with its previous behavior. Other waste parameters continue to remain consistent with the historical trends. The PRC concurred with the conclusion of the USQ screening and declared that a discovery exists in relation to the current waste level behavior in the tank. No limitations to plant operations were imposed as a result of this discovery.

In 1993, a mixer pump was installed in this tank. The pump was installed in the waste to mix the tank contents. This causes the gasses to be released continuously and prevents episodic gas releases. When the mixer pump was installed, the waste surface level in the tank was 406 inches. After a few months of pump operation, the waste level had decreased to below 400 inches. This level remained stable with no significant trends for the past four years. The surface level in SY-101 has historically been used as an indirect measure of gas retained in the tank waste. Increased retention of gas bubbles causes the waste level to rise, while the release of gas causes the level to drop.

The surface level in SY-101 has risen from 397.5 inches to 400.5 inches in 1997. The mixer pump long-term operation plan controls state that aggressive operations should be considered by the Test Review Group (TRG) when the surface level reaches 399.5 inches. On October 27, 1997, the number of pump runs was increased from three per week to four per week. This increase in the number of pump runs did not slow the surface level growth as suggested by the long-term operation plan. The increased operation of the mixer pump may have accelerated the rate of level growth of the tank waste. On December 9, 1997, the TRG determined that pump operations would return to three pump runs per week.

On February 11, 1998, the Plant Review Committee agreed to recommend to the DOE-RL that an Unreviewed Safety Question (USQ) existed with regard to the recent level growth in 241-SY-101. The Safety Assessment for Mixer Pump Operations assumes no level growth during normal pump operations. However, the level has increased steadily over the year, prompting a USQ determination which ultimately resulted in the recommendation to DOE-RL on February 12. As a result, this occurrence was upgraded to an Unusual Occurrence. A standing order was issued which implemented compensatory measures for operating the SY-101 Mixer Pump.

To ensure the appropriate amount of attention is given to Tank SY-101 level issues, the PRC directed that operations and maintenance be performed in accordance with the existing Authorization Basis, with restrictions on mixer pump operations. These restrictions have been included in Standing Order 98-15.

APPENDIX A

WASTE TANK SURVEILLANCE MONITORING TABLES

TABLE A-1. WATCH LIST TANKS September 30, 1998

These tanks have been identified as Watch List Tanks in accordance with Public Law 101-510, Section 3137, "Safety Measures for Waste Tanks at Hanford Nuclear Reservation," (1990). These tanks have been identified because they "... may have a serious potential for release of high-level waste due to uncontrolled increases in temperature or pressure."

Single-Shell Tanks		Officially Added to	Double-Shell Tanks		Officially Added to
Tank No.	Watch List	Watch List	Tank No.	Watch List	Watch List
A-101 (*)	Hydrogen	1/91	AN-103	Hydrogen	1/91
A-101 ()	Organics	5/94	AN-104	Hydrogen	1/91
AX-101	Hydrogen	1/91	AN-105	Hydrogen	1/91
AX-101	Organics	5/94	AW-101	Hydrogen	6/93
AX-103	Hydrogen	1/91	SY-101	Hydrogen	1/91
B-103	Organics	1/91	SY-103	Hydrogen	1/91
C-102	Organics	5/94	6 Tanks		
C-103	Organics	1/91			
C-106	High Heat Load	1/91	TANKS BY WATCH	LIST	
S-102 (*)	Hydrogen,	1/91			
- ·	Organics	1/91	Hydrogen	Organics	
S-111 (*)	Hydrogen	1/91	A-101	A-101	
· · · ·	Organics	5/94	AX-101	AX-102	
S:112	Hydrogen	1/91	AX-103	B-103	
SX-101	Hydrogen	1/91	S-102	C-102	
SX-102	Hydrogen	1/91	S-111	C-103	
SX-103 (*)	Hydrogen	1/91	S-112	S-102	
•••	Organics	5/94	sx-101	S-111	
SX-104	Hydrogen	1/91	SX-102	5X-103	
SX-105	Hydrogen	1/91	SX-103	SX-106	
SX-106 (*)	Hydrogen,	1/91	SX-104	T-111	
	Organics	1/91	SX-105	TX-105	
SX-109	Hydrogen because		SX-106	TX-118	
	other tanks vent		SX-109	TY-104	
	thru it	1/91	T-110	U-103	
T-110	Hydrogen	1/91	U-103	U-105	
T-111	Organics	2/94	U-105	U-106	
TX-105	Organics	1/91	U-107	U-107	
TX-118	Organics	1/91	U-108	U-111	
TY-104	Organics	5/94	U-109	U-203	
U-103 (*)	Hydrogen	1/91	AN-103	U-204	
	Organics	5/94	AN-104	20 Tanks	
U-105 (*)	Hydrogen	1/91	AN-105		-
	Organics	5/94	AW-101		
U-106	Organics	1/91	SY-101	High Heat	
U-107 (*)	Organics	1/91	SY-103	C-106	_
	Hydrogen	12/93	25 Tanke	1 Tenk	7 8
U-108	Hydrogen	1/91			
Ų-109	Hydrogen	1/91			
U-111	Organics	8/93	32 Single	e-Shell tanks	
U-203	Organics	5/94	6 Doub	<u>le-Shell tanks</u>	
U-204	Organics	5/94	38 Tanks	s on Watch Lists	
32 Tanks (*)					

^(*) Eight tanks are on more than one Watch List

All tanks were removed from the Ferrocyanide Watch List; see Table A-2 for list and dates.

TABLE A-2. ADDITIONS/DELETIONS TO WATCH LISTS BY YEAR September 30, 1998

Added/Deleted dates may differ from dates that tanks were officially added to the Watch Lists. (See Table A-1).

						Total Tanks (1)			
	Ferrocyanide	Hydrogen	Organics	High Heat		DST			
1/91 Cirginal End -Response to Public Law 101-510	23	25	8	4	 74	5	5.		
Added 2/91 (revision to Original List)	1 T-107				1				
Cotal - December 51 1991	24	23	8	1	48				
Added 8/92		1 AW-101		800000000000000000000000000000000000000		1	5		
Tatal - December 31, 1992	24	24	8 1 U-111	1	48	•			
Added 3/93	-4	,	1 0-111	,	<u> </u>				
Deleted 7/93	(BX-110))]		}		
	(BX-111)								
	(BY-101)]	·	1	Ì		
	(T-101)				[_]				
Added 12/93		1 (U-107)		080000000°C0000000	0 45	5000000°	5		
Total - December 31, 1903	20	25	9 1 T-111	31	0	8			
Added 2/94 Added 5/94		ļ	10 A-101		ا ا		i		
Voded 2/84		}	AX-102	}	} `	ŀ	ł		
			C-102						
		ļ	S-111	1	ļ		ļ		
			SX-103						
		1	TY-104 U-103	1	İ	Ì			
			U-105	[1	ĺ	[
•			U-203	1	1	•			
	1	i	U-204	ì	1	ł	1		
Deleted 11/94	-2 (BX-102)			1	-2				
	(BX-106)					constant			
Total - December 31, 1994, & December 31, 1995	18	25	20	.1	48	6	5		
Deleted 6/96	-4 (C-108) (C-109)		ļ	j	4]			
	(C-111)			1					
	(C-112)	[1						
Deleted 9/96	-14 (BY-103)	({	1	-12	[ſ		
	(BY-104)	,	1				1		
	(BY-105)	}		ł	ì	ŀ	l		
	(BY-106)		1						
	(BY-107) (BY-108)		į.	1	l	i	ł		
	(BY-110)						ĺ		
	(BY-111)	J	<u> </u>	}]		1		
	(BY-112)					1			
	(T-107)								
	(TX-118)	1	(1	1	ĺ	[
	(TY-101) (TY-103)			1]				
	(TY-104)		ł	}	1	ł	1		
Total - September 30, 1998	D	25	20	1	32	· 6	3		

⁽¹⁾ Eight tanks are on more than one list: A-101, S-102, S-111, SX-103, SX-106, U-103, U-105, and U-107; therefore the total of tanks added or deleted will depend upon whether a tank is also on another list.

TABLE A-3. TEMPERATURE MONITORING IN WATCH LIST TANKS (Sheet 1 of 2) September 30, 1998

All Watch List tanks are reviewed for increasing temperature trends. Temperatures in these tanks are monitored by the Tank Monitor And Control System (TMACS), unless indicated otherwise.

Temperatures are taken in the waste unless in-waste thermocouples are out of service. See footnote (3). Temperatures below are the highest temperatures recorded in these tanks during this month, and do not exceed the maximum criteria limit for this month.

Temperatures in Degrees F. Total Waste in Inches

(Total waste in inches is calculated from Inventory tables and size of tank, not surface level readings)

Hydro/Flammable Gas						Hiç	h Heat
Total					Total		Total
Tank No.	Temp.	<u>Waste</u>	Tank No.	Temp.	<u>Waste</u>	Tank No.	Temp. Waste
A-101	148	347	A-101	148	347	C-106 (2)	150 72
AX-101 (*)(3)	130	272	AX-102 (*)	79	14	1 Tank	
AX-103 (*)	113	40	B-103 (*)(3)	68	17		•
S-102	104	207	C-102	82	149		
S-111	89	224	C-103	116	66	1	
S-112	83	239	S-102	104	207	1	
SX-101	133	171	S-111	89	224		
SX-102	142	203	SX-103	162	242	1	
SX-103	162	243	SX-106	106	201	1	
SX-104	152	229	T-111	67	158		
SX-105	168	254	TX-105	96	228		
SX-106	106	201	TX-118	73	134	'	
SX-109 (1)	140	96	TY-104	67	24	1	
T-110	64	133	U-103	85	166		
U-103	85	166	U-105	88	147		
U-105	88	147	U-106	81	78		
U-107	78	143	U-107	78	166	1	
U-108	87	166	U-111	81	115	1	
U-109	82	164	U-203	66	12	1	
AN-103	108	348	U-204	64	12		
AN-104	108	384	20 Tenks			1	
AN-105	105	410	_ 				
AW-101 (*)	100	410					
SY-101	121	405					
SY-103	94	270					
25 Tanks							

^(*) Temperatures in these tanks are taken manually on a weekly basis.

All tanks have been removed from the Ferrocyanide Watch List. See Table A-2 for list and dates.

³⁸ Tanks are on the Watch List (8 tanks are on more than one list: A-101, S-102, S-111, SX-103, SX-106, U-103, U-105, U-107)

TABLE A-3. TEMPERATURE MONITORING IN WATCH LIST TANKS (sheet 2 of 2)

Notes:

Unreviewed Safety Ouestion(USO):

There is a USQ currently associated with all single-shell tanks, resulting in special controls required, and limiting the work in the tanks. Pumping is on hold until the DOE-RL approval is received for each tank.

Hydrogen/Flammable Gas:

Tanks which are suspected to have a significant potential for hydrogen/flammable gas generation, entrapment, and episodic release. The USQ associated with these tanks is due of the potential consequences of a radiological release resulting from a flammable gas burn, an event not analyzed in the SST Safety Analysis Report (SAR).

Organic Salts:

Single-shell tanks containing concentrations of organic salts ≥3 weight% of total organic carbon (TOC)(equivalent to 10 wt% sodium acetate). The USQ associated with these tanks is because it has been concluded there is a small potential for an organic nitrate accident. Double-shell tanks have >3 weight% TOC but are not on the Watch List because they contain mostly liquid, and there is no credible organic safety concern for tanks which contain mostly liquid.

High Heat:

Tanks which contain heat generating strontium-rich sludge and require drainable liquid to be maintained in the tank to promote cooling. Only tank C-106 is on the High Heat Watch List because in the event of a leak, without water additions the tank could exceed temperature limits resulting in unacceptable structural damage. The tank is cooled through evaporation in conjunction with active ventilation. Water is periodically added as evaporation takes place.

Active ventilation:

There are 15 single-shell tanks on active ventilation (eight are on the Watch List as indicated by an asterisk):

C-105	SX-107
C-106 *	SX-108
SX-101 *	SX-109 *
SX-102 *	SX-110
SX-103 *	SX-111
SX-104 *	SX-112
SX-105 *	SX-114
SX-106 *	

Note: A-104, 105 and 106 exhauster has been out of service since 1991 and is no longer considered actively ventilated. Although C-104 has a cascade line with C-105, it is not considered to be actively ventilated.

Footnotes:

- (1) Tank SX-109 has the potential for flammable gas accumulation only because other SX tanks vent through it.
- (2) Tank C-106 is on the Watch List because in the event of a leak without water additions the tank could exceed temperature limits resulting in unacceptable structural damage.
- (3) There are no in-waste temperatures for tanks AX-102 and B-103. The waste level in these tanks is lower than the lowest thermocouple in these trees. Temperatures in this table show the maximum in the tanks taken in the vapor space.

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TABLE A-4. TEMPERATURE MONITORING IN NON-WATCH LIST TANKS September 30, 1998

SINGLE-SHELL TANKS WITH HIGH HEAT LOADS (>40,000 Btu/hr)

Ten tanks have high heat loads for which temperature surveillance requirements are established by OSD-T-151-00013. Only one of these tanks (241-C-106) is on the High Heat Watch List. In an analysis, WHC-SD-WM-ER-333, "Evaluation of Heat Sources in High Heat Single Shell Tanks," Bander, 1994, it was determined that six of the ten tank have heat sources greater than 40,000 Btu/h. Additionally, although four tanks have heat loads less than 40,000 Btu/h, it is recommended that these tanks remain on the High Heat Load Listbecause of uncertainties in the parameters used in these analyses. It is estimated that the current analysis predicts the heat loads within +/- 20%.

Temperatures in these tanks did not exceed OSD requirements for this month. All high heat load tanks, with the exception of 241-A-104 and 241-A-105, are on active ventilation. All high heat load tanks are monitored by the Tank Monitor and Control System (TMACS), with the exception of A-104 and A-105, which are taken manually on a weekly basis.

-	Temperature	Total Waste	(Total Waste In Inches is
Tank No.	(F.)	In Inches	calculated from inventory table
A-104	178	10	and tank size, not surface level
A-105	151	07	readings)
C-106 (*)	150	72	
SX-107	167	43	
SX-108	188	37	
SX-109	140	96	
SX-110	164	28	
\$X-111	188	51	
SX-112	150	39	
SX-114	179	71	
10 Tenks			

(*) C-106 on High Heat Load Watch List

Highest temperature in 34 lateral thermocouples beneath A-105: 233

SINGLE SHELL TANKS WITH LOW HEAT LOADS (<=40,000 Btu/hr)

There are 108 low heat load non-watch list tanks. Temperatures in tanks connected to TMACS are monitored by TMACS; temperatures in those tanks not yet connected to TMACS are manually taken semiannually in January and July. Temperatures obtained were within historical ranges for the applicable tank.

No temperatures have been obtained for several years in the tanks listed below. Most of these tanks have no thermocouple tree.

Tank No.	Tank No.
BX-104	TX-101
BY-102	TX-110
BY-109	TX-114
C-204	TX-116
SX-115	TX-117
T-102	U-104
T-105	

TABLE A-5. SINGLE-SHELL TANKS MONITORING COMPLIANCE STATUS

149 TANKS (Sheet 1 of 6)

September 30, 1998

The following table indicates whether Single-Shell tank monitoring was in compliance with the requirements as specified in the applicable documents as of the last day of the applicable month:

NOTE:

All Watch List and High Heat tank temperature monitoring is in compliance. (4)

All Dome Elevation Survey monitoring is in compliance.

All Psychrometrics monitoring is in compliance (2). Drywell monitoring is done "as needed" (9). In-tank photos/videos are taken "as needed" (3)

LEGEND:	
(Shaded)	= in compliance with all applicable documentation
N/C	= noncompliance with applicable documentation
0/S	= Out of Service
Neutron	= LOW readings taken by Neutron probe
POP	= Plant Operating Procedure, TO-040-850
MT/FIC/	= Surface level measurement devices
ENRAF.	
OSD	= Operating Specifications Doc., OSD-T-151-00013, -00031
N/A	= Not applicable (not monitored, or no monitoring schedule)
None	= Applicable equipment not installed

	Tank Category		Primary Temperature Leak		Surf	dings (1)	LOW Readings	
Tank	Watch High		Readings	Detection	ļ	(OSR,OSD)		
Number	List	Heat	(4)	Source (5)	MI	FIC	ENRAF	Neutron
A-101	×		103,000,000	LOW	None	None		
A-102				None	None		None	None
A-103				LOW	None	None		
A-104		X		None	None	None		None
A-105		×		None		None	None	None
A-106				None	None	None		None
AX-101	X			LOW	None	None		[104
AX-102	X			None	None	None		None
AX-103	×			None	None	None		None
AX-104				None	None	None		None
B-101				None	None		None	None
8-102				ENRAF	None	None		None
B-103	×			None	None		None	O/S
B-104				LOW		None	None	
B-105				LOW		None	None	
B-106				FIC	None		None	None
B-107				None		None	None	None
B-108				None	N опе		None	None
B-109				None		None	None	None
B-110				LOW	O/S	None	None	
B-111				LOW	None		None	
B-112				ENRAF	None	None		None
B-201				MT		None	None	None
B-202				MT		Norte	None	None
B-203				MT		None	None	None
B-204				MT		None	None	Hone
BX-101				ENRAF	None	Norm		None
BX-102				None	None	Nerva		None
8X-103				ENRAF	None	None		None
8X-104			None	ENRAF	None	Nene		None
BX-105				None	None	None		None
BX-106	2000000			ENRAF	None	None		None
BX-107				ENRAF	None	None		Pigne

TABLE A-5. SINGLE-SHELL TANKS MONITORING COMPLIANCE STATUS
149 TANKS (Sheet 2 of 6)

		Category	Temperature	Primary Leak	Surfac	e Level Readin	gs (1)	LOW Readings
Tank Number	Watch List	High Heat	Readings (4)	Detection Source (5)	MI	(OSD) FIC	ENRAF	(OSD)(5,7) Neutron
8X-108	200000000000000000000000000000000000000			None	None	None		None
BX-109				None	None	None		None
BX-110				None	None	None		None
BX-111				LOW	None	None		
BX-112				ENRAF	None	None		None
BY-101				Low		None	None	
BY-102	000000000000000000000000000000000000000		None	Low	0/8	None	None	
BY-103				Low	None	None		
BY-104				Low	0/5	None	None	
BY-105				Low		None	None	
BY-106				Low		None	None	
BY-107				Low		None	None	
BY-108				None		None	Norse	None
BY-109			None	Low	None	0/5	None	
BY-110	***********			LOW	None	None		
BY-111	200000000000000000000000000000000000000			LOW	None	None		
BY-112				LOW		None	None	
C-101				None		None	None	None
C-102	×			None	None		None	None
C-103	×			ENRAF	None	None		None
C-104				None	None	140,160,080,000,000	Name	None
C-105				None	None	None		Nane
C-106 (3)	×	X		ENRAF	None	None		None
C-107				ENRAF	None	None		None
C-108				None		None	None	None
C-109				None		None	None	None
C-110				MT		None	None	None
C-111				None		None	None	None
C-112				None	None	None		None
C-201				None		None	None	None
C-202	200000000000000000000000000000000000000		•	None		None	None	None
C-203				None		None	None	None
C-204	200000000000000000000000000000000000000		None	None		None	None	None
S-101				ENRAF	None	None		
S-102	×			ENRAF	None	None		
S-103				ENRAF	None	None		
S-104				LOW		None	None	
S-105				LOW	None	None		
S-106				ENRAF	None	None		
S-107				ENRAF	None	None		None
\$-108				LOW	None	None		
S-109				LOW	None	None		
S-110				LOW	None	None		
S-111	х			ENRAF	None	None		
S-112	×			LOW	None	None		
SX-101	- ×			LOW	None	None	(11)	
SX-102	×			LOW	None	None		
SX-103	×			LOW	None	None		
5X-104	×			LOW	None	None		
SX-105	X			LOW	None	None		
SX-106	- X			ENRAF	None	None		
SX-107		×		None		None	None	None
SX-107		х		None		None	None	None

TABLE A-5. SINGLE-SHELL TANKS MONITORING COMPLIANCE STATUS 149 TANKS (Sheet 3 of 6)

	Tank (Category	Temperature	Primary Leak	Surfa	ce Level Readir	ngs (1)	LOW Readings
Tank	Watch	High	Readings	Detection		(OSD)	I ENRAF	(OSD)(5,7) Neutron
Number	List	Heat	(4)	Source (5)	МТ	FIC	ENRAF	
SX-109 (3)	Х.	X		None	None	None	According to the second second	None
8X-110		×		None		None	None	None
SX-111		×		None		None	None	None
SX-112		X		None		None	None	None
SX-113				None		None	None	None
SX-114		X		None		None	None	None
8X-115			None	None		None	None	None
T-101				None	None	None		bione
T-102			None	ENRAF	None	None		None
T-103				None	None	None		None
T-104				LOW	None	None		
T-105			None	None	None	None		None
T-106				None	None	None		None
T-107				ENRAF	None .	None		None
T-108				ENRAF	None	None		None
T-109				None	None	None		Hone
T-110	X			LOW	None	None		
T-111	Х			LOW	None	None		
T-112				ENRAF	None	None	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	None
T-201				MT	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	None	None	None
T-202				MT	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	None	None	None
T-203				None		None	None	None
T-204				MT		None	None	None
TX-101			None	ENRAF	None	None		None
TX-102				LOW	None	None	12 COS 85 NO. 3 COS 881	
TX-103	300000000000000000000000000000000000000	30.		None	None	None	10,000,000,000	None
TX-104				None	None	None	200000000000000000000000000000000000000	None
TX-105	X			None	None	None		None (7)
TX-106	************			LOW	None	None		
TX-103				None	None	None		None
TX-107				None	None	None		
TX-108		660 (4000 0000) 1000 00		LOW	None			None
	66 (1966) 600 600 600 600 600 600 600 600 600		None			None		
TX-110	000000000000000000000000000000000000000		101.	LOW	None	None		
TX-111				LOW	None	None		
TX-112				LOW	None	None		
TX-113				LOW	None	None		
TX-114			None	LOW	None	None		1
TX-115				LOW	None	None		
TX-116			None	None	None	None		None
TX-117			None	LOW	None	None		
TX-118				LOW	None	None		
TY-101				None	None	None		None
TY-102				ENRAF	None	None		None
TY-103				LOW	None	None		
TY-104				ENRAF	None	None		None
TY-105				None	None	None		None
TY-106				None	None	None		None
U-101				MT		None	None	None
U-102				LOW	None	None		
U-103	×			ENRAF	None	None		
U-104			None	None		None	None	None
U-106	*			ENRAF	None	None		
U-106	×	-		ENRAF	None	None		

TABLE A-5. SINGLE-SHELL TANKS MONITORING COMPLIANCE STATUS 149 TANKS (Sheet 4 of 6)

	Tank Ca	tegory	Temperature	Primary Leak	Surfe	ce Level Readii	nas (1)	LOW
Tank	Watch	High	Readings	Detection		(OSD)		(OSD)(5,7)
Number	List	Heat	(4)	Source (5)	MT	FIC	ENRAF	Neutron
U-107	X			ENRAF	None	None		
U-108	X			LOW	None	None		
Ų-109	X			ENRAF	None	None		
U-110				None	None	Nane		None
U-111	×			LOW	None	None		
U-112				None		None	None	Name
V-201				MT		None	None	New
U-202				MT		Norte	None	(feete
U-203	X			None	None	None		Hore
U-204	X			ENRAF	None	None		None
Catch Tanks a	ind Special Su	rveillance Fa	cilities					
A-302-A	NIA	NA	W/A	(6)	None	None		None
A-302-B	N/A	N/A	N/A	(6)		None	None	None
ER-311	NIA	N/A	N/A	(6)	None		None	None
AX-152	N/A	N/A	N/A	(6)		Blone	None	None
AZ-151	N/A	N/A	N/A	(6)	None		None	None
AZ-154	N/A	N/A	N/A	(6)		None	None	None
BX-TK/SMP	NA	N/A	N/A	(6)		None	None	None
A-244 TK/SMP	N/A	NIA	NA	(6)	None	None	None	None
AR-204	N/A	N/A	N/A	(6)			None	None
A-417	N/A	N/A	N/A	(6)	None	None	None	None
A-350	N/A	N/A	N/A	(6)	None	None	None	None
CR-003	N/A	NIA	N/A	(6)	None	None	None	None
Vent Sta.	NIA	N/A	N/A	(6)		None	None	None
S-302	N/A	N/A	N/A	(6)	None	None	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	None
S-302-A	N/A	NIA	N/A	(6)	None		None	None
5-304	WA	N/A	N/A	(6)	None	None		None
TX-302-B	N/A	N/A	N/A	(6)		None	None	None
TX-302-C	N/A	N/A	N/A	(6)	None	None		None
U-301-B	N/A	N/A	N/A	(6)	None	None		None
UX-302-A	N/A	N/A	N/A	(6)	None	None		None
S-141	NIA	N/A	N/A	(6)	0/8 (12)	None	None	None
5-142	N/A	N/A	N/A	(6)	0/5 (12)	None	None	None
Totals:	32	10	N/C: 0		N/C: 0	N/C: 0	N/C: O	N/C: 0
149 tenks	Wetch	High						
	List	Heat	1 1		1	1	ł	1
	Tanks	Tanks	}			4		1
	(4)	(4)				[1	1

TABLE A-5. SINGLE-SHELL TANKS MONITORING COMPLIANCE STATUS -149 TANKS (Sheet 5 of 6)

Footnotes:

- 1. All SSTs have either manual tape, FIC, (or ENRAF) surface level measuring devices. Some also have zip cords.
 - ENRAF gauges are being installed to replace FICs (or sometimes manual tapes). The ENRAF gauges are being connected to TMACS, but many are currently being read manually from the field. See Table A-7 for list of ENRAF installations.
- 2. High heat tanks have active exhausters; psychrometrics can be taken in the high heat tanks. Psychrometric readings are taken on an "as needed" basis with the exception of tanks C-105 and C-106. Hanford Federal Facility Agreement and Consent Order," Washington State Department of Ecology, U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, and U. S. Department of Energy, "Fourth Amendment 1994 (Tri-Party Agreement) requires psychrometric readings to be taken in C-105 and C-106 on a monthly frequency. Also, SX-farm now has psychrometrics taken monthly.
- 3. C-106 and SX-109 these tanks are on both category lists (Watch List and high heat list) C-106 is the only tank on the high heat list included on the High Heat Watch List; SX-109 is on the Organics Watch List, and also on the high heat list (but not on the High Heat Watch List).
- 4. Temperature readings may be regulated by OSD or POP. Temperatures cannot be obtained in 13 low heat load tanks (see Table A-4). The OSD does not require readings or repair of out-of service thermocouples for the low heat load (≤40,000 Btu/h) tanks. However, the POP requires that attempts are to be made semiannually in January and July to obtain readings for these tanks.
 - Temperatures for many tanks are monitored continuously by TMACS; see Table A-8, TMACS Monitoring Status.
- 5. Document WHC-OSD-T-151-00031, "Operating Specifications for Tank Farm Leak Detection," requires that single-shell tanks with the surface level measurement device contacting liquid, partial liquid, or floating crust surface, will be monitored for leak detection on a daily basis. Tanks with a solid surface will be monitored for leak detection on a weekly basis by taking neutron scan data from a Liquid Observation Well (LOW), if an LOW is present. Tanks with a solid surface but without LOWs will not be monitored for leak detection if the tank has been interim stabilized, until an LOW is installed. Non-interim-stabilized tanks will have drywell surveys taken as a backup on a monthly basis if surface or interstitial level measurement equipment is unavailable. The OSD specifies what leak detection methods are to be used for each tank, and the requirements if the readings are not taken on the required frequency or if equipment is out of service.
- 6. Leak detection for the catch tanks is performed by monitoring for the buildup of liquid in the secondary containment (for most tanks with secondary containment) or for decrease in the liquid level for those tanks without secondary containment or secondary containment monitoring.
 - Catch tanks 240-S-302 and 241-S-302-A are monitored for intrusions only, and are not subject to leak detection monitoring requirements until liquid is present above the intrusion level.
 - Weight Time Factor is the surface level measuring device currently used in A-417, A-350 and 244-A-Tank/Sump. DCRT CR-003 is inactive and measured in gallons.
- 7. Document WHC-SD-WM-TI-605, REV. 0, dated January 1994, describes the rationale for Liquid Observation Well (LOW) installation priority. This priority is based on tank leak status, tank surface condition, and tank stabilization status. Also included is a listing of tanks with the waste level being below two feet which have no priority assigned because no effort will be made to install LOWs in the near future. LOW probes are unable to accurately monitor interstitial liquid levels less than two feet high.

TABLE A-5. SINGLE-SHELL TANKS MONITORING COMPLIANCE STATUS - 149 TANKS (Sheet 6 of 6)

Tanks which will not receive LOWs:

A-102	BX-101 C-201	T-106	
A-104	BX-103	C-202	T-108
A-105	BX-105	C-203	T-109
AX-102	BX-106	C-204	TX-107
AX-104	BX-108	SX-110	TY-102
B-102	C-108	SX-113	TY-104
B-103	C-109	SX-115	TY-106
B-112	C-111	T-102	U-101
		T-103	U-112

Total - 34 Tanks

- 8. TX-105 the riser has been removed; the LOW has not been monitored since January 1987. Liquid levels are being taken.
- All drywell scans are done by request only, when required in addition to, or as a BACKUP for, a PRIMARY leak
 detection method, per OSD-T-151-00031. Currently, there are only two tanks which require drywell scans (C-105
 and C-106); these are taken monthly.

Only two tank farms, A and SX, have laterals. There are currently no functioning laterals and no plans to prepare these for use.

- 10. AX-101 LOW readings are taken by gamma sensors.
- 11. SX-101 ENRAF data suspect: core sampling done displacer sticks on top of crust or goes into hole. LOW is primary device. ENRAF was flushed and recalibrated September 1, 1998, and the reading was back to near normal. Data marked suspect since September 10, when readings began fluctuating daily from 163 inches to 169 inches (baseline is 162.6 inches).
- 12. Catch Tanks S-141 and S-142 have no M.T. readings.

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TABLE A-6. DOUBLE-SHELL TANKS MONITORING COMPLIANCE STATUS 28 TANKS (Sheet 1 of 2) September 30, 1998

The following table indicates whether Double-Shell tank monitoring was in compliance with the requirements as specified in the applicable documents as of the last day of the applicable month.

NOTE:

Dome Elevation Surveys are not required for DSTs.

Psychrometrics and in-tank photos/videos are taken "as needed" (2)

LEGEND: (Shaded) = In compliance with all applicable documentation = Noncompliance with applicable documentation N/C FIC/ENRAF = Surface level measurement devices M.T. = OSD-T-151-0007, OSD-T-151-0031 OSD = no M.T., FIC or ENRAF installed None O/S = Out of Service W.F. = Weight Factor = Radiation Rad.

						R	adiation Reading	s
Tank		Temperature Readings (3)	Sur	face Level Read (OSD)	Leak Dete	Annulus		
Number	Watch List	(OSD)	M.T.	FIC	ENRAF	W.F.	Rad. (8)	(OSD)
AN-101				None			(8)	
AN-102					None		(8)	
AN-103	X			None			(8)	
AN-104	X		0/5	None		8 - 2000 (400) 400	(2)	
AN-105	X		0/8	None			(8)	
AN-106					Name		(8)	
AN-107					None		(8)	
AP-101			O/S		None	0/5 (9)	(8)	
AP-102					None	0/5 (9)	(8)	
AP-103					None	O/S (9)	(8)	
AP-104			0/8		None	O/\$ (9)	(8)	
AP-105					None	O/S (9)	(8)	
AP-106			<i>A</i> (1000)		None	0/9 (9)	(5)	
AP-107					None	0/5 (9)	(8)	
AP-108					Notes	0/5 (9)	(8)	
AW-101	X		0/5	None		X	(8)	
AW-102					(6)		(8)	
AW-103				None			(8)	
AW-104				None			(8)	
AW-105			2000	None			(8)	
AW-106				None			(8)	
AY-101				None		O/S	(8)	(5)
AY-102				None			(8)	
AZ-101			0/5	None			(8)	(6)
AZ-102					None		(8)	(5)
\$Y-101	×		0/8	None		(7)	(8)	
SY-102				None			(8)	
SY-103	X			None		(7)	(8)	
Totals: 28 tanks	6 Watch List Tanks	N/C: 0	N/C: 0	N/C: 0	N/C: 0	N/C: 0	N/C: 0	N/C: 0

TABLE A-6. DOUBLE-SHELL TANKS MONITORING COMPLIANCE STATUS - 28 TANKS (Sheet 2 of 2)

Footnotes:

- Some double-shell tanks have both FIC and manual tape which is used when the FIC is out of service.
 Noncompliance (N/C) will be shown when no readings are obtained. ENRAF gauges are being installed to replace FICs. The ENRAF gauges are being connected to TMACS, but some are currently being read manually.
- 2. Psychrometric readings are taken on an "as needed" basis. No psychrometric readings are currently being taken in the double-shell tanks.
- 3. OSD specifies double-shell tank temperature limits, gradients, etc.
- 4. Applicable OSD and HNF-IP-0842, latest revisions, are used as guidelines for monitoring Leak Detection Pits. See also (8) below.
- AY-101 and AZ-101/102 are monitored only by the annulus Leak Detection Probe Measurement device.
- 6. AW-102 has ENRAF, FIC and M.T. At some point the FIC will be removed.
- 7. SY-101 and SY-103; CWF reading are above normal range of 24 inches.
- 8. USQ TF-97-0038, dated April 28, 1997, specifies discontinuing the use of leak detection pit radiation monitoring equipment in all double-shell tank farms where the leak detection pits are used as tertiary leak detection. This applies to all double-shell tank farms

Also, two radiation monitors used for leak detection for transfer lines will not be discontinued (CRM-101B in AY farm and CRM-101/102-1 in AZ farm) - these were not included in the USQ. May 1998 - RAD monitoring is no longer required in these monitors per TSR-006 (Rev 0-6)

9. Weekly readings being obtained by Instrument Technicians in these tanks:

AP-103C (for tanks AP-101 - 104) AP-105C (for tanks AP-105 - 108)

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TABLE A-7. ENRAF SURFACE LEVEL GAUGE INSTALLATION AND DATA INPUT METHODS

September 30, 1998

						-							***	
LEGEND	CASS = Computer Automated Surveillance System													
	SACS													
	TMACS	MACS = Tank Monitor and Control System												
	Auto	= Automatically entered into TMACS and electronically transmitted to SACS												
	Manual													
		OR man	uai	lly entere	d directly into	SACS by	S UI	veillance	personnel, fr	om Field Dat	a 8	heets		
			-				88							
EAST A	ARFA							WEST	AREA				·	
		1	***	T1-	la sealla d	land			Installed	Innut	XXX	Tank	Installed	logut
Tank	Installed	Input		Tank	Installed	Input		Tank	l _ ' '	Input			1 _	Input
No.	Date	Method		No.	Date	Method		No.	Date	Method		No.	Date	Method
A-101	09/95	Auto	888	B-201				S-101	02/95	Manual	200	TX-101	11/95	Auto
A-102				B-202	·		8	S-102	05/95	Auto	333	TX-102	05/96	Auto
A-103	07/96	Auto		B-203	ļ		88	S-103	05/94	Auto	200	TX-103	12/95	Auto
A-104	06/96	Manual	2000	B-204	04/06	4	***	S-104	07/95	Manual	3833 9893	TX-104	03/96 04/96	Auto
A-105	01/06	Auda	3000	BX-101	04/96 06/96	Auto Auto	.888 889	S-105 S-106	06/94	Manual Auto	8666 5777	TX-105 TX-106	04/96	Auto
A-106 AN-101	01/96 08/96	Auto Auto	3993 1885	BX-102 BX-103	04/98	Auto	200	S-107	06/94	Auto	3868	TX-107	04/96	Auto
AN-101	06/30	Auto	36786 3636	BX-103	05/96	Auto	330	S-108	07/95	Manual	888	TX-108	04/96	Auto
AN-103	08/95	Auto	28460 88880	BX-105	03/96	Auto	**	S-109	08/95	Menual	SSS	TX-109	11/95	Auto
AN-104	06/95	Auto	3000 3000 3000	BX-106	07/94	Auto	***	S-110	08/95	Menual	***	TX-110	06/96	Auto
AN-105	08/95	Auto	****	BX-107	06/96	Auto	***	S-111	08/94	Auto	***	TX-111	05/96	Auto
AN-106			*	BX-108	05/96	Auto	*	S-112	05/95	Auto	***	TX-112	05/96	Auto
AN-107	<u> </u>			BX-109	08/95	Auto	8	SX-101	04/95	Auto		TX-113	05/96	Auto
AP-101	<u> </u>			BX-110	06/96	Auto	8	SX-102	04/95	Auto		TX-114	05/96	Auto
AP-102				BX-111	05/96	Auto	*	SX-103	04/95	Auto	 	TX-115	05/96	Auto
AP-103			333	BX-112	03/96	Auto	***	SX-104	05/95	Auto		TX-116	06/96	Auto
AP-104				BY-101				SX-105	05/95	Auto		TX-117	06/96	Auto
AP-105				BY-102				SX-106	08/94	Auto		TX-118	03/96	Auto
AP-106				BY-103	12/96	Manual		SX-107	ļ <u></u>			TY-101	07/95	Auto
AP-107				BY-104			***	SX-108	00/09		388 388	TY-102	09/95	Auto
AP-108	00/05	Auto	***	BY-105 BY-106	 	<u> </u>	***	SX-109	09/98	Auto	888	TY-103 TY-104	09/95	Auto
AW-101	08/95 05/96	Auto Auto		BY-107		 		SX-110 SX-111			3000 3000 3000	TY-105	06/95 12/95	Auto
AW-102	05/96	Auto	**** ****	BY-108		<u> </u>	333	SX-112		··· ·- ·	***	TY-106	12/95	Auto
AW-104	01/96	Auto		BY-109		·,		5X-113			***	U-101	12/00	
AW-105	06/96	Auto	*	BY-110	2/97	Manual		SX-114			333	U-102	01/96	Manual
AW-106	06/96	Auto		BY-111	2/97	Manuel	***	SX-115	i e		***	U-103	07/94	Auto
AX-101	09/95	Auto	*	BY-112	· · · · · ·			SY-101	07/94	Auto		U-104		
AX-102	09/98	Manual		C-101				SY-102	06/94	Manual		U-105	07/94	Auto
AX-103	09/95	Auto		C-102			*	SY-103	07/94	Auto	***	U-106	08/94	Auto
AX-104	10/96	Auto	 	C-103	08/94	Auto	*	T-101	05/95	Manual	***	U-107	08/94	Auto
AY-101	03/96	Manuai	*	C-104				T-102	06/94	Auto		U-108	06/95	Auto
AY-102	01/98	Auto		C-105	05/96	Menuai	8	T-103	07/95	Manual		U-109	07/94	Auto
AZ-101	08/96	Manual		C-106	02/96	Auto	8	T-104	12/95	Manual		U-110	01/96	Manual
AZ-102				C-107	04/95	Auto	88	T-105	07/95	Manual	200	U-111	01/96	Manual
B-101	00/05	8.0	8888	C-108			1888 1888	T-106	07/95	Manual		U-112		
B-102	02/95	Manual	388	C-109 C-110				T-107 T-108	06/94 10/95	Auto	3866 3873	U-201		
B-103 B-104			882 373	C-111			88	T-108	09/94	Manual	883	U-202 U-203	00/00	Manual
B-104 B-105			9000 (000)	C-112	03/96	Manual	***	T-110	05/95	Menual Auto	1888) 1888)	U-203	09/98 6/98	Manual Manual
B-106	 			C-201	30,00	***************************************	***	T-111	07/95	Manual	888 888	J-204	0,80	- menusi
B-107				C-202	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			T-112	09/95	Manual	***			<u> </u>
B-108	·			C-203			Ħ	T-201			***			
B-109				C-204				T-202			***			
B-110		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						T-203						
B-111								T-204						
B-112	03/95	Manual									W		T	
			•		•						N. A.		<u> </u>	

112 ENRAFs installed: 80 automatically entered into TMACS, 32 manually entered into CASS

Total East Area: 43

Total West Area: 69

TABLE A-8. TANK MONITOR AND CONTROL SYSTEM (TMACS) September 30, 1998

Note: Indicated below are the number of tanks having at least one operating sensor (some tanks have more than one sensor: multiple sensors of the same type in a tank are not shown in the table) for example: 10 tanks in BY-Farm have at least one operating TC sensor and 3 tanks in BY-Farm have at least one operating RTD sensor.

Acceptance Testing Completed: Sensors Automatically Monitored by TMACS

	Temper	atures		}		
		Resistance				
EAST AREA	Thermocouple	Thermal	ENRAF			Gas
	Tree	Device	Level	Pressure	Hydrogen	Sample
Tank Farm -	(TC)	(RTD)	Gauge	(b)	(c)	Flow
A-Farm (6 Tanks)	1		3	1	1	1
AN-Farm (7 Tanks)	7		4	7	3	3
AP-Farm (8 Tanks)						
AW-Farm (6 Tanks)	6		6		1	1
AX-Farm (4 Tanks)	3		3		(d)	<u> </u>
AY-Farm (2 Tanks)			1			
AZ-Farm (2 Tanks)						
B-Farm (16 Tanks)	1					<u> </u>
BX-Farm (12 Tanks)	11		12			
BY-Ferm (12 Tenks)	10	3				
C-Farm (16 Tanks)	15	1	3	1		
TOTAL EAST AREA						
(91 Tanks)	54	4	32	8	5	5
WEST AREA						į
S-Farm (12 Tenks)	12		6	1	3	3
SX-Farm (15 Tanks)	14		7	1	7	7
SY-Farm (3 Tanks) (a)	3		2	1	2	2
T-Farm (16 Tanks)	14	1	3		1	1
TX-Farm (18 Tanks)	13		18			
TY-Farm (6 Tanks)	6	3	6			
U-Farm (16 Tanks)	15		6	4	6	6
TOTAL WEST AREA						
(86 Tanks)	81	4	48	7	18	18
TOTALS (177 Tanks)	131	8	80	15	23	23

⁽a) Tank SY-101 has 2 gas sample flow sensors plus 2 vent flow sensors, and 2 ENRAFs.

⁽b) Each tank has low and high range sensors (9x2=18 sensors)

⁽c) Each tank has low and high range sensors (17x2=34 sensors)

⁽d) AX-101 Hydrogen was ATP'd in TMACS on September 21, 1998, but not transmitting yet - lines plugged.

APPENDIX B

DOUBLE SHELL TANK WASTE TYPE AND SPACE ALLOCATION

TABLE B-1. DOUBLE-SHELL TANK WASTE TYPE AND SPACE ALLOCATION SEPTEMBER 1998

DOUBLE-SHELL TANK INV	ENTORY BY WASTE TYPE	SPACE DESIGNATED FOR SPE	CIFIC USE
Complexed Waste	3.96 Mgal	Spare Tanks (3)	2,28 Mgal
(AN-102, AN-106, AN-107, SY-101,		(1 Aging & 1 Non-Aging Waste Tank)	
SY-103, (AY-101 , AP-108 (DC))		Watch List Tank Space	0.68 Mga1
Concentrated Phosphate Waste	1.09 Mgaf	(AN-103, AN-104, AN-105, AW-101, SY-10	*************
(AP-102)	initial and sequential	(in	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Double-Shell Slurry and Slurry Feed	4.4 Mgat	Segregated Tank Space	3.24 Mgal
(AN-103, AN-104, AN-105, AP-101, AW-101, AW-106)		(AN-102, AN-106, AN-107, AP-102, AP-108 AZ-101, AZ-102)	3, AY-101
Aging Waste (NCAW) at 5M Na	1.23 Mgal	Receiver/Operational Tank Space (2)	3.18 Mgal
Dilute in Aging Tanks (AZ-101, AZ-102)	0.35 Mgaf	(AN-101, AP-106, AW-102, AW-106, SY-10	D2)
Dilute Waste (1)	3.54 Mgal		
(AN-101, AP-103, AP-105, AP-104, AF AW-102, AW-103, AW-104, AW-105, AY-102, SY-102)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Total Specific Use Space (09/30/98)	9,36 Mgal
,		TOTAL DOUBLE-SHELL TANK S	SPACE
NCRW, PFP and DST Settled Solids	4.03 Mgai	24 Tanks at 1140 Kgal	27.36 Mgal
(All DSTs)		4 Tanks at 980 Kgal	3.92 Mgal 31,28 Mgal
Total Inventory	18.6 Mgat	Total Available Space	31.28 Mgal
		Double-Shell Tank Inventory	18.6 Mgal
		Space Designated for Specific Use Remaining Unaffocated Space	9,38 Mgal 3,30 Mgal

- (1) Was reduced in volume by -0.00 Mgal this month (Evaporator WVR)
- (2) Tank Space Reduced by Facility Generations and Saltwell Liquid pumping
- (3) 241-AY-101: A minumum liquid level is set to provide extra protection against any bottom uplifting of the tank's steel liner. Because of space availability, waste is stored in AY-102, the aging waste spare tank. In case of a leak the contents of AY-102 will be distributed to any other DST(s) having available space.

Note: Net change in total DST inventory since last month: +0.008 Mgal

WVPTOT

Table B-2. Double Shell Tank Waste Inventory for September 30, 1998

TANKS	INVENTORY	SOLIDS	TYPE	LEFT
AN-101=	158	33	DN	982
AN-102=	1066	89	CC	74
AN-103=	958	410	DSS	182
AN-104=	1054	449	DSSF	86
AN-105=	1128	489	DSSF	12
AN-106=	39	17	CC	1101
AN-107=	1048	247	CC	92
AP-101=	1115	0	DSSF	25
AP-102=	1094	0	CP	46
AP-103=	25	1	DN	1115
AP-104=	25	0	DN	1115
AP-105=	767	89	DSSF	373
AP-106=	389	0	DN	751
AP-107=	24	0	DN	1116
AP-108=	254	0	DC	886
AW-101	1125	306	DSSF	15
AW-102	591	40	DN	549
AW-103	512	347	NCRW	628
AW-104	1119	231	DN	21
AW-105	434	280	NCRW	706
AW-106	580	228	CC	560
AY-101=	170	108	DC	810
AY-102=	459	22	DN	521
AZ-101=	83 5	47	NCAW	145
AZ-102=	889	104	NCAW	91
SY-101=	1151	41	CC	-11
SY-102 ≃	843	88	DN/PT	297
SY-103=	746	362	CC	394
TOTAL=	18598	4028		12682

INOTE: Solids Adjusted to Most Culterit Available Dat	
NOTE: Ali Volumes in Kilo-Gallons (Kgals)	

TOTAL DST SPACE	AVAILABLE
NON-AGING =	27360
AGING =	3920
TOTAL*	31280

DST INVENTO	DRY CHANGE
08/98 TOTAL	18590
09/98 TOTAL	18598
INCREASE	

-1140

-2280

WATCH LIST SPACE		USABLE SPACE
AN-103=	182	AP-101=
AN-104=	86	AP-103=
AN-105=	12	AP-104=
AW-101=	15	AP-105=
SY-101=	-11.	AP-107=
SY-103=	394	AW-102=
TOTALE	678	AW-103=
		AW-104=
SEGREGATED SPA	CE (DC,CC,CP,AW)	AW-105=
AN-102=	74	AW-106≖
AN-106=	1101	AY-102=
AN-107=	92	TOTAL
AP-102=	46	EVAP. OPERATIONS
AP-108=	886	SPARE SPACE
AY-101=	810	USABLE LEFT*
AZ-101=	145	

WASTE RECEIVER SPACE			
AN-101 (200E/DC)=	982		
AP-106 (200E/DN)=	751		
SY-102 (200W/DN)=	297		
TOTAL=	2030		

AZ-102=

USABLE LEFT#	3309
USABLE SPACE CHANGE	
08/98 TOTAL SPACE	3308
09/96 TOTAL SPACE	3309
CHANGE*	1

WASTE RECEIVER SPACE	CHANGE
08/98 TOTAL SPACE	2039
09/98 TOTAL SPACE	2030
CHANGE=	-9

Inventory Calculation by Waste Type:

COMP	PLEXED WASTE
AN-102=	977 (CC)
AN-106=	22 (CC)
AN-107=	801 (CC)
AP-108=	254 (DC)
AW-106=	352 (CC)
AY-101=	62 (DC)
SY-101=	1110 (CC)
SY-103=	384 (CC)
TOTAL DC/CC=	3962
TOTAL SOLIDS=	1082

NCRW SOLIDS (PD)					
AW-103=	347				
AW-105=	280				
TOTAL+	627				

	PFP SOLIDS (PT)
SY-102=	88
TOTAL	88

	CONCENTRATED PHOSPHATE (CP)
102-AP=	1094
TOTAL+	1094

DILUTE WASTE (DN)	
AN-101=	125
AP-103=	24
AP-104=	25
AP-106=	389
AP-107=	24
AW-102=	551
AW-103=	165
AW-104≖	888
AW-105=	154
AY-102=	437
SY-102=	755
TOTAL DN=	3537
TOTAL SOLIDS=	327

NCAW (AGING WASTE) (@ 5M Na)				
AZ-101=	102			79
AZ-102=				43
TOTAL @ 51	4 Niew			122
TOTAL DN=				34
TOTAL SOLIC	js=			18

DSS/	DSSF
AN-103=	548
AN-104=	605
AN-105=	639
AP-101=	1115
AP-105=	678
AW-101=	819
TOTAL DSS/DSSF=	4404
TOTAL SOLIDS*	1743

GRAND TOTAL	LS
NCRW SOLIDS=	627
DST SOLIDS=	3162
PFP SOLIDS=	88
AGING SOLIDS=	151
CC=	3646
DC=	316
CP=	1094
NCAW=	1573
DSS/DSSF=	4404
DILUTE=	3537
TOTALE	19598

NOTE: Tank AW-106 (evaporator receiver) has Concentrated Complexed (CC) waste in it and will transferred to Tank 106-AN. inv0998

Table B-2. Double Shell Tank Waste Inventory for September 30, 1998

TOTAL AVAILABLE SE	AUE AS UPS	DEFIEMBER 30, 199	8: 12882 KGAL
VATCH LIST TANK SPACE:	TANK	WASTE TYPE	AVAILABLE SPACE
nusable DST Headspace - Due to Special Restrictions	AN-103	DSS	182 KGAL
Placed on the Tanks, as Stated in the "Wydan Bill"	AN-104	DSSF	86 KGALS
	AN-105	DSSF	12 KGALS
	AW-101	DSSF	15 KGALS
	SY-101	ÇC	-11 KGALS
	SY-103	CC TOT	394 KGAL AL* 678 KGAL
	A	VAILABLE TANK SPACE	= 12682 KGAL
	MIM	IUS WATCH LIST SPACE	= -678 KGAL
TOTAL AVAILABLE SPACE A	FTER WATCH L	IST SPACE DEDUCTION	S= 12004 KGAL
SEGREGATED TANK SPACE:	TANK	WASTE TYPE	AVAILABLE SPAC
DST Headspace Available to Store Only Specific Waste Typ	ype AN-102	CC	74 KGAL
	AN-106	CC	1101 KGAL
	AN-107	CC	92 KGAL
	AP-102	CP	46 KGAL
	AP-108	DC	886 KGAL
	AY-101	DC	810 KGAL
	AZ-101	AW	145 KGAL
	AZ-102	AW	91 KGAL
TOTAL AVAILABLE SPACE AF		JS SEGREGATED SPACE TED SPACE DEDUCTION	.
JSABLE/WASTE RECEIVER TANK SPAC	E: TANK	WASTE TYPE	AVAILABLE SPAC
ST Headspace Available to Store Facility Generated	AN-101	DN	982 KGAL
and Evaporator Product Waste	AP-101	DSSF	25 KGAL
	AP-103	DN	1115 KGAL
	AP-104	DN	1115 KGAL
	AP-105	DSSF	373 KGAL
FACILITY WASTE RECEIVER TANK	AP-106	DN	751 KGAL
	AP-107	DN	1116 KGAL
EVAPORATOR FEED TANK	AW-102	DN	549 KGAL
	AW-103	NCRW	628 KGAL
	AW-104	DN	21 KGAL
	AW-105	NCRW	706 KGAL
EVAPORATOR RECEIVER TANK	AW-106	CC	560 KGAL
	AY-102	DN	521 KGAL
FACILITY WASTE RECEIVER TANK	SY-102 TOTAL AVAILAB	DN LE USABLE TANK SPAC	297 KGAL E= 8789 KGAL
	 .		
	ACE:		-1140 KGAL
EVAPORATOR OPERATIONAL TANK SP	ACE:		-1140 KGAL

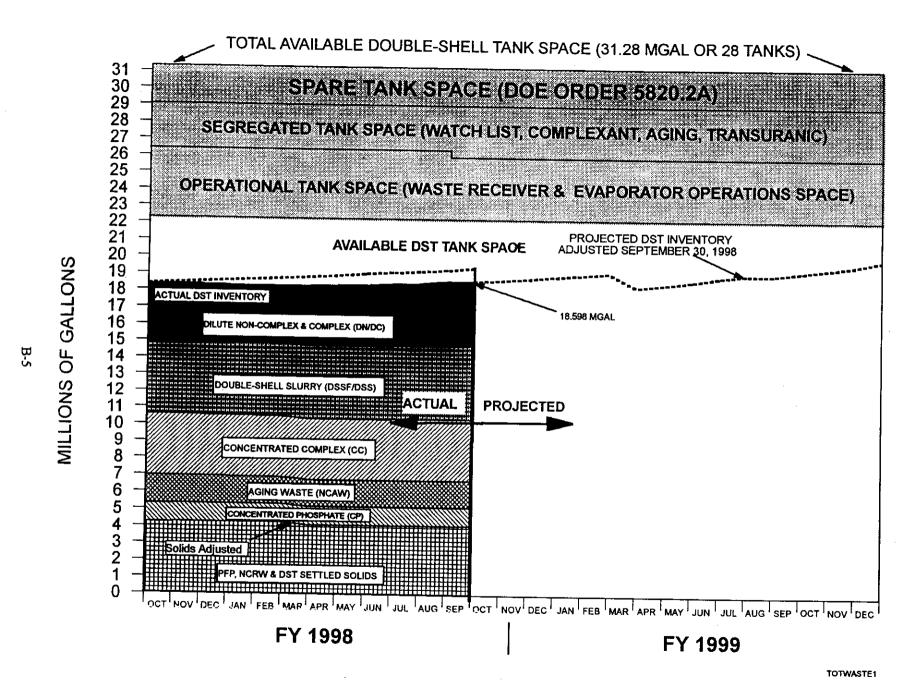


FIGURE B-1. TOTAL DOUBLE-SHELL TANK INVENTORY

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APPENDIX C

TANK AND EQUIPMENT CODE AND STATUS DEFINITIONS

C. TANK AND EQUIPMENT CODE/STATUS DEFINITIONS September 30, 1998

1. TANK STATUS CODES

WASTE TYPE (also see definitions, section 3)

AGING	Aging Waste (Neutralized Current Acid Waste [NCAW])
CC	Complexant Concentrate Waste
CP	Concentrated Phosphate Waste
DC	Dilute Complexed Waste
DN	Dilute Non-Complexed Waste
DSS	Double-Shell Slurry
DSSF	Double-Shell Slurry Feed

NCPLX Non-Complexed Waste

PD/PN Plutonium-Uranium Extraction (PUREX) Neutralized Cladding

Removal Waste (NCRW), transuranic waste (TRU)

PT Plutonium Finishing Plant (PFP) TRU Solids

TANK USE (DOUBLE-SHELL TANKS ONLY)

CWHT	Concentrated Waste Holding Tank
DRCVR	Dilute Receiver Tank

EVFD Evaporate Feed Tank SRCVR Slurry Receiver Tank

2. SOLID AND LIQUID VOLUME DETERMINATION METHODS

- F Food Instrument Company (FIC) Automatic Surface Level Gauge
- E ENRAF Surface Level Gauge (being installed to replace FICs)
- M Manual Tape Surface Level Gauge
- P Photo Evaluation
- S Sludge Level Measurement Device

3. **DEFINITIONS**

WASTE TANKS - GENERAL

Waste Tank Safety Issue

A potentially unsafe condition in the handling of waste material in underground storage tanks that requires corrective action to reduce or eliminate the unsafe condition.

Watch List Tank

An underground storage tank containing waste that requires special safety precautions because it may have a serious potential for release of high level radioactive waste because of uncontrolled increases in temperature or pressure. Special restrictions have been placed on these tanks by "Safety Measures for Waste Tanks at Hanford Nuclear Reservation," Section 3137 of the *National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1991*, November 5, 1990, Public Law 101-510, (also known as the Wyden Amendment).

Characterization

Characterization is understanding the Hanford tank waste chemical, physical, and radiological properties to the extent necessary to insure safe storage and interim operation, and ultimate disposition of the waste.

WASTE TYPES

Aging Waste (AGING)

High level, first cycle solvent extraction waste from the PUREX plant (NCAW)

Concentrated Complexant (CC)

Concentrated product from the evaporation of dilute complexed waste.

Concentrated Phosphate Waste (CP)

Waste originating from the decontamination of the N Reactor in the 100 N Area. Concentration of this waste produces concentrated phosphate waste.

Dilute Complexed Waste (DC)

Characterized by a high content of organic carbon including organic complexants: ethylenediaminetetra-acetic acid (EDTA), citric acid, and hydroxyethyl-ethylenediaminetriacetic acid (HEDTA), being the major complexants used. Main sources of DC waste in the DST system are saltwell liquid inventory (from SSTs).

Dilute Non-Complexed Waste (DN)

Low activity liquid waste originating from T and S Plants, the 300 and 400 Areas, PUREX facility (decladding supernatant and miscellaneous wastes), 100 N Area (sulfate waste), B Plant, saltwells, and PFP (supernate).

Double-Shell Slurry (DSS)

Waste that exceeds the sodium aluminate saturation boundary in the evaporator without exceeding receiver tank composition limits. For reporting purposes, DSS is considered a solid.

Double-Shell Slurry Feed (DSSF)

Waste concentrated just before reaching the sodium aluminate saturation boundary in the evaporator without exceeding receiver tank composition limits. This form is not as concentrated as DSS.

Non-complexed (NCPLX)

General waste term applied to all Hanford Site (NCPLX) liquors not identified as complexed.

PUREX Decladding (PD)

PUREX Neutralized Cladding Removal Waste (NCRW) is the solids portion of the PUREX plant neutralized cladding removal waste stream; received in Tank Farms as a slurry. NCRW solids are classified as transuranic (TRU) waste.

PFP TRU Solids (PT)

TRU solids fraction from PFP Plant operations.

Drainable Interstitial Liquid (DIL)

Interstitial liquid that is not held in place by capillary forces, and will therefore migrate or move by gravity. (See also Section 4)

Supernate

The liquid above the solids in waste storage tanks. (See also Section 4)

<u>Ferrocyanide</u>

A compound of iron and cyanide commonly expressed as FeCN. The actual formula for the ferrocyanide anion is [Fe(CN)₆]⁻⁴.

INTERIM STABILIZATION (Single-Shell Tanks only)

Interim Stabilized (IS)

A tank which contains less than 50 Kgallons of drainable interstitial liquid and less than 5 Kgallons of supernatant liquid. If the tank was jet pumped to achieve interim stabilization, then the jet pump flow must also have been at or below 0.05 gpm before interim stabilization criteria is met.

Jet Pump

The jet pump system includes 1) a jet assembly with foot valve mounted to the base of two pipes that extend from the top of the well to near the bottom of the well casing inside the saltwell screen, 2) a centrifugal pump to supply power fluid to the down-hole jet assembly, 3) flexible or rigid transfer jumpers, 4) a flush line, and 5) a flowmeter. The jumpers contain piping, valves, and pressure and limit switches.

The centrifugal pump and jet assembly are needed to pump the interstitial liquid from the saltwell screen into the pump pit, nominally a 40-foot elevation rise. The power fluid passes through a nozzle in the jet assembly and acts to convert fluid pressure head to velocity head, thereby reducing the pressure in the jet assembly chamber. The reduction in pressure allows the interstitial liquid to enter the jet assembly chamber and mix with the power fluid. Velocity head is converted to pressure head above the nozzle, lifting power fluid, and interstitial liquid to the pump pit. Pumping rates vary from 0.05 gallons to about 4 gpm.

Saltwell Screen

The saltwell system is a 10-inch diameter saltwell casing consisting of a stainless steel saltwell screen welded to a Schedule 40 carbon steel pipe. The casing and screen are to be inserted into the 12-inch tank riser located in the pump pit. The stainless steel screen portion of the system will extend through the tank waste to near the bottom of the tank. The saltwell screen portion of the casing is an approximately 10-foot length of 300 Series, 10-inch diameter, stainless steel pipe with screen openings (slots) of 0.05 inches.

Emergency Pumping Trailer

A 45-foot tractor-type trailer is equipped to provide storage space and service facilities for emergency pumping equipment: this consists of two dedicated jet pump jumpers and two jet pumps, piping and dip tubes for each, two submersible pumps and attached piping, and a skid-mounted Weight Factor Instrument Enclosure (WFIE) with an air compressor and electronic recording instruments. The skid also contains a power control station for the pumps, pump pit leak detection, and instrumentation. A rack for over 100 feet of overground double-contained piping is also in the trailer.

INTRUSION PREVENTION (ISOLATION) Single-Shell Tanks only

Partially Interim Isolated (PI)

The administrative designation reflecting the completion of the physical effort required for Interim Isolation except for isolation of risers and piping that is required for jet pumping or for other methods of stabilization.

Interim Isolated (II)

The administrative designation reflecting the completion of the physical effort required to minimize the addition of liquids into an inactive storage tank, process vault, sump, catch tank, or diversion box. In June 1993, Interim Isolation was replaced by Intrusion Prevention.

Intrusion Prevention (IP)

Intrusion Prevention is the administrative designation reflecting the completion of the physical effort required to minimize the addition of liquids into an inactive storage tank, process vault, sump, catch tank, or diversion box. Under no circumstances are electrical or instrumentation devices disconnected or disabled during the intrusion prevention process (with the exception of the electrical pump).

Controlled, Clean, and Stable (CCS)

Controlled, Clean, and Stable reflects the completion of several objectives: "Controlled" - provide remote monitoring for required instrumentation and implement controls required in the TWRS Authorization Basis; "Clean" - remove surface soil contamination and downpost the Tank Farms to RBA/URMA/RA radiological control status, remove abandoned equipment, and place reusuable equipment in compliant storage; and "Stable" - remove pumpable liquids from the SSTs and IMUSTs and isolate the tanks.

TANK INTEGRITY

Sound

The integrity classification of a waste storage tank for which surveillance data indicate no loss of liquid attributed to a breach of integrity.

Assumed Leaker

The integrity classification of a waste storage tank for which surveillance data indicate a loss of liquid attributed to a breach of integrity.

Assumed Re-Leaker

A condition that exists after a tank has been declared as an "assumed leaker" and then the surveillance data indicates a <u>new</u> loss of liquid attributed to a breach of integrity.

TANK INVESTIGATION

Intrusion

A term used to describe the infiltration of liquid into a waste tank.

SURVEILLANCE INSTRUMENTATION

Drywells

Drywells are vertical boreholes with 6-inch (internal diameter) carbon steel casings positioned radially around SSTs. These wells range between 50 and 250 feet in depth, and are monitored between the range of 50 to 150 feet. The wells are sealed when not in use. They are called drywells because they do not penetrate to the water table and are therefore usually "dry." There are 759 drywells.

Monitoring is done by gamma radiation or neutron-moisture sensors to obtain scan profiles of radiation or moisture in the soil as a function of well depth, which could be indicative of tank leakage.

Two single-shell tanks (C-105 and C-106) are currently monitored monthly by gamma radiation sensors. The remaining drywells are monitored on request by gamma radiation sensors. Monitoring by neutron-moisture sensors is done only on request.

Laterals

Laterals are horizontal drywells positioned under single-shell waste storage tanks to detect radionuclides in the soil which could be indicative of tank leakage. These drywells can be monitored by radiation detection probes. Laterals are 4-inch inside diameter steel pipes located 8 to 10 feet below the tank's concrete base. There are three laterals per tank. Laterals are located only in A and SX farms. There are currently no functioning laterals and no plan to prepare them for use.

Surface Levels

The surface level measurements in all waste storage tanks are monitored by manual or automatic conductivity probes, and recorded and transmitted or entered into the Computer Automated Surveillance System (CASS).

Automatic FIC

An automatic waste surface level measurement device is manufactured by the Food Instrument Company (FIC). The instrument consists of a conductivity electrode (plummet) connected to a calibrated steel tape, a steel tape

reel housing and a controller that automatically raises and lowers the plummet to obtain a waste surface level reading. The controller can provide a digital display of the data and also transmit the reading to the CASS. Some tanks have gauges connected to CASS and others are read manually. FICs are being replaced by ENRAF detectors (see below).

ENRAF 854 ATG Level Detector

FICs and some manual tapes are in the process of being replaced by the ENRAF ATG 854 level detector. The ENRAF gauge, fabricated by ENRAF Incorporated, determines waste level by detecting variations in the weight of a displacer suspended in the tank waste. The displacer is connected to a wire wound onto a precision measuring drum. A level causes a change in the weight of the displacer which will be detected by the force transducer. Electronics within the gauge causes the servo motor to adjust the position of the displacer and compute the tank level based on the new position of the displacer drum. The gauge displays the level in decimal inches. The first few ENRAFs that received remote reading capability transmit liquid level data via analog output to the Tank Monitor and Control System (TMACS). The remaining ENRAFs and future installations will transmit digital level data to TMACS via an ENRAF Computer Interface Unit (CIU). The CIU allows fully remote communication with the gauge, minimizing tank farm entry.

Annulus

The annulus is the space between the inner and outer shells on DSTs only. Drain channels in the insulating and/or supporting concrete carry any leakage to the annulus space where conductivity probes are installed. Alarms from the annunciators are received by CASS. Continuous Air Monitoring (CAM) alarms are also located in the annulus. The annulus conductivity probes and radiation detectors are the primary means of leak detection for all DSTs.

Liquid Observation Well (LOW)

In-tank liquid observation wells are used for monitoring the interstitial liquid level (ILL) in single-shell waste storage tanks. The wells are usually constructed of fiberglass or TEFZEL-reinforced epoxy-polyester resin (TEFZEL, a trademark of E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Company). There are a few LOWs constructed of steel. LOWs are sized to extend to within 1 inch of the bottom of the waste tank, are sealed at their bottom ends and have a nominal outside diameter of 3.5 inches. Two probes are used to monitor changes in the ILL; gamma and neutron, which can indicate intrusions or leakage by increases or decreases in the ILL. There are 65 LOWs (64 are in operation) installed in SSTs that contain or are capable of containing greater than 50 Kgallons of drainable interstitial liquid, and in two DSTs only. The LOWs installed in two DSTs, (SY-102 and AW-103 tanks), are used for special, rather than routine, surveillance purposes only.

Thermocouple (TC)

A thermocouple is a thermoelectric device used to measure temperature. More than one thermocouple on a device (probe) is called a thermocouple tree. In DSTs there may be one or more thermocouple trees in risers in the primary tank. In addition, in DSTs only, there are thermocouple elements installed in the insulating concrete, the lower primary tank knuckle, the secondary tank concrete foundation, and in the outer structural concrete.

These monitor temperature gradients within the concrete walls, bottom of the tank, and the domes. In SSTs, one or more thermocouples may be installed directly in a tank, although some SSTs do not have any trees installed. A single thermocouple (probe) may be installed in a riser, or lowered down an existing riser or LOW. There are also four thermocouple laterals beneath Tank 105-A in which temperature readings are taken in 34 thermocouples.

In-tank Photographs and Videos

In-tank photographs and videos may be taken to aid in resolving in-tank measurement anomalies and determine tank integrity. Photographs and videos help determine sludge and liquid levels by visual examination.

TERMS/ACRONYMS

<u>CASS</u> Computer Automated Surveillance System

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CCS Controlled, Clean and Stable (tank farms)

II Interim Isolated

IP Intrusion Prevention Completed

IS Interim Stabilized

MT/FIC/ENRAF Manual Tape, Food Instrument Corporation, ENRAF Corporation (surface level measurement

devices)

OSD Operating Specifications Document

PI Partial Interim Isolated

SAR Safety Analysis Reports

SHMS Standard Hydrogen Monitoring System

TMACS Tank Monitor and Control System

TPA Hanford Federal Facility Consent and Compliance Order, "Washington State Department of Ecology,

U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, and U. S. Department of Energy," Fourth Amendment, 1994

(Tri-Party Agreement)

USQ Unreviewed Safety Question

Wyden Amendment "Safety Measures for Waste Tanks at Hanford Nuclear Reservation," Section 3137 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1991, November 5, 1990, Public Law 101-510.

4. <u>INVENTORY AND STATUS BY TANK - VOLUME CALCULATIONS AND DEFINITIONS FOR TABLE E-6 (SINGLE-SHELL TANKS)</u>

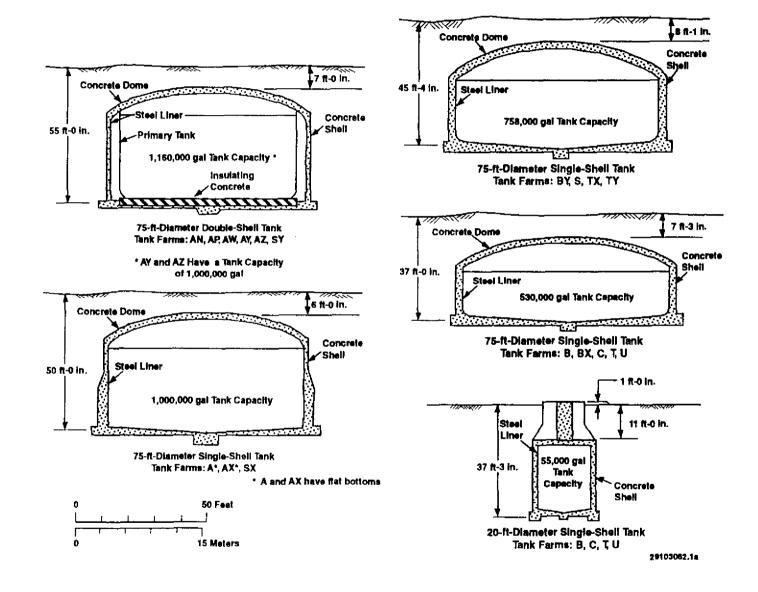
COLUMN HEADING	VOLUME CALCULATIONS/DEFINITIONS
Total Waste	Solids volume plus Supernatant liquid. Solids include sludge and saltcake (see definitions below)
Supernate Liquid	Drainable Liquid Remaining minus Drainable Interstitial. Supernate is the clear liquid floating on the surface of the waste. Supernate is usually derived by subtracting the solids level measurement from the liquid level measurement. In some cases, the supernatant volume includes floating solid crusts because their volume cannot be measured. In-tank photographs or videos are useful in estimating the liquid volumes; the area of solids covered and the average depth can be estimated.
Drainable Interstitial Liquid	Drainable Liquid Remaining minus Supernate. Drainable interstitial liquid is calculated based on the saltcake and sludge volumes, using average porosity values or actual data for each tank, when available. Interstitial liquid is liquid that fills the interstitial spaces of the solids waste. Drainable interstitial liquid is calculated based on the saltcake and sludge volumes in the tank. The sum of the interstitial liquid contained in saltcake and sludge is the initial volume of drainable interstitial liquid. The volume reported as Drainable Interstitial

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COLUMN HEADING	VOLUME CALCULATIONS/DEFINITIONS
	Liquid is the initial volume of drainable interstitial liquid minus interstitial liquid removed by pumping.
Pumped This Month	Net total gallons of liquid pumped from the tank during the month. If supernate is present, pump production is first subtracted from the supernatant volume. The remainder is then subtracted from the drainable interstitial liquid volume. The total pumped volume is subtracted from drainable liquid remaining and pumpable liquid remaining. Pump production takes into account the amount of water added to the tank during the month (if any).
Total Pumped	Cumulative net total gallons of liquid pump from 1979 to date.
Drainable Liquid Remaining	Supernate plus Drainable Interstitial. (See Supernatant Liquid and Drainable Interstitial Liquid above for definitions). The total Drainable Liquid Remaining is the sum of drainable interstitial liquid and supernate minus total gallons pumped.
Pumpable Liquid Remaining	Drainable Liquid Remaining minus undrainable heel volume. (Dish bottom tanks have a "heel" where liquids can collect: flat bottom tanks do not). (See Drainable Liquid Remaining and Pumped this Month for definitions). Not all drainable interstitial liquid is pumpable. It is assumed that drainable interstitial liquid on top of the undrainable heel in sludge or saltcake, is not jet pumpable. Therefore, pumpable interstitial liquid is the initial volume of drainable interstitial liquid minus the amount of interstitial liquid on top of the heel. The volume shown as Pumpable Liquid Remaining is the sum of pumpable interstitial liquid and supernate minus total gallons pumped.
Sludge	Solids formed during sodium hydroxide additions to waste. Sludge usually was in the form of suspended solids when the waste was originally received in the tank from the waste generator. In-tank photographs or videos may be used to estimate the volume.
Saltcake	Results from crystallization and precipitation after concentration of liquid waste, usually in an evaporator. If saltcake is layered over sludge, it is only possible to measure total solids volume. In-tank photographs or videos may be used to estimate the saltcake volume.
Solids Volume Update	Indicates the latest update of any change in the solids volume.
Solids Update Source - See Footnote	Indicates the source or basis of the latest solids volume update.
Last In-tank Photo	Date of last in-tank photographs taken.
Last In-tank Video	Date of last in-tank video taken.
See Footnotes for These Changes	Indicates any change made the previous month. A footnote explanation for the change follows the Inventory and Status by Tank section (Table E-6).

APPENDIX D

TANK FARM CONFIGURATION, STATUS, AND FACILITY CHARTS



D-2

FIGURE D-1. HIGH-LEVEL WASTE TANK CONFIGURATION

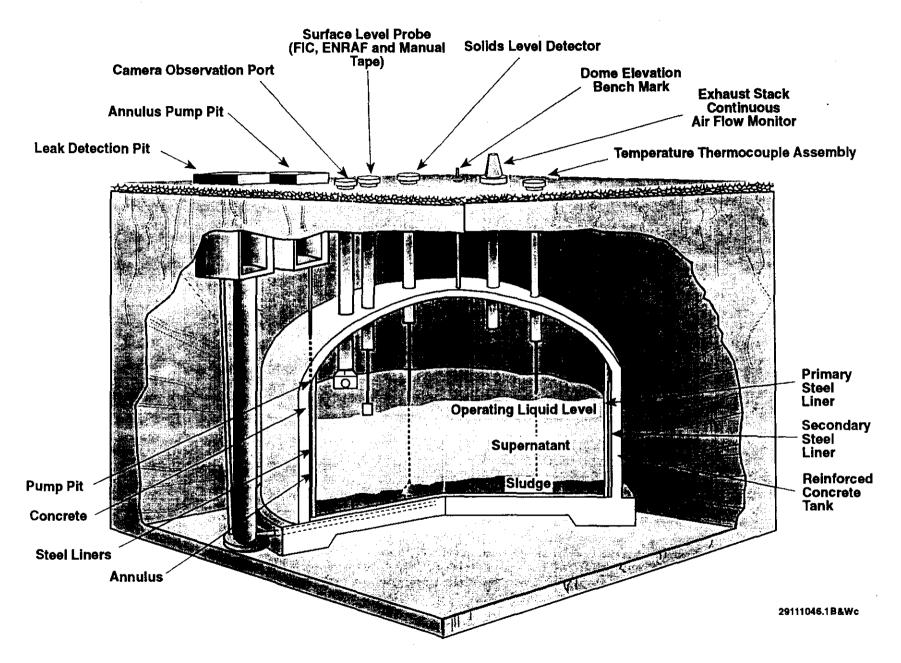
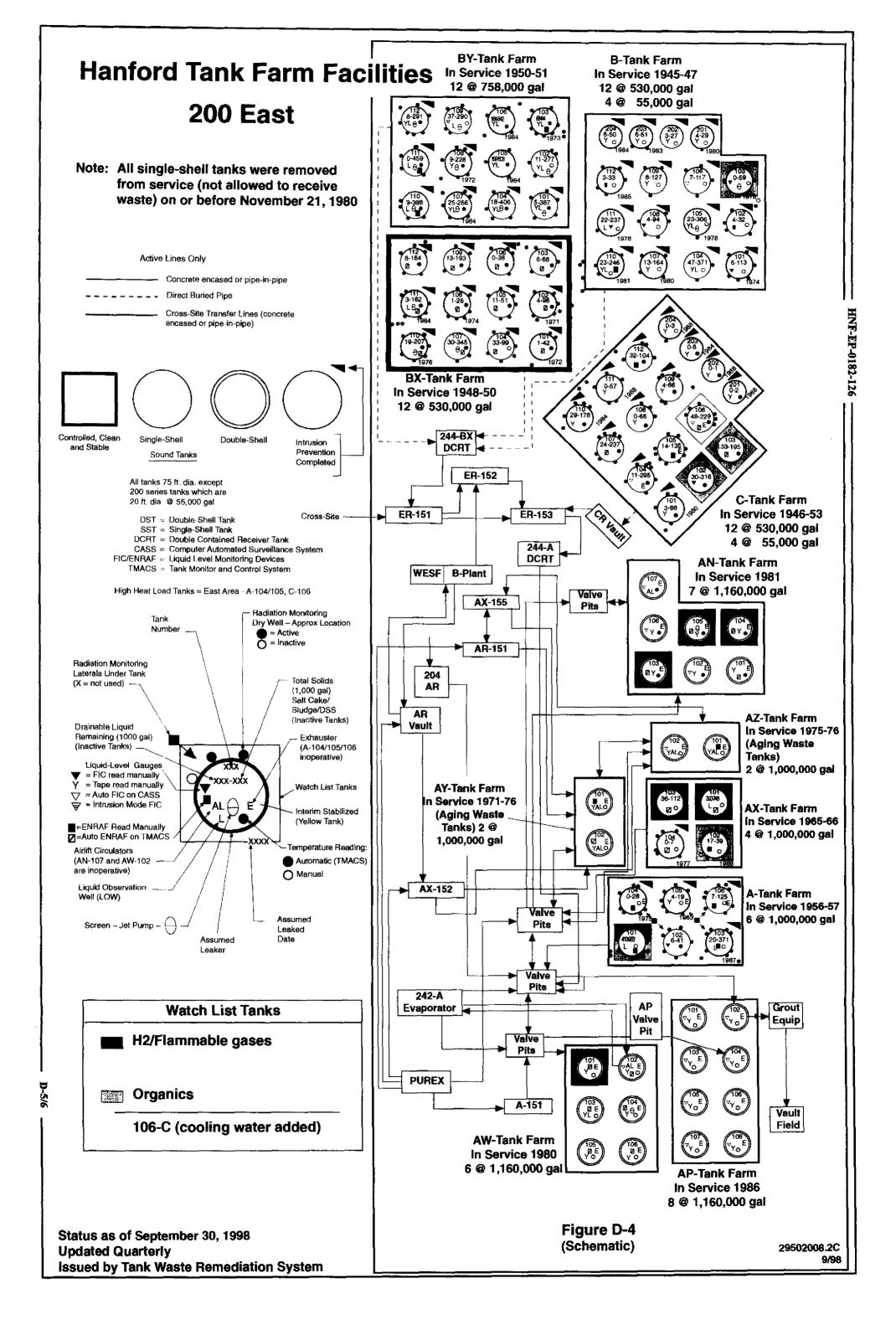


FIGURE D-2. DOUBLE-SHELL TANK INSTRUMENTATION CONFIGURATION

D-4

FIGURE D-3. SINGLE-SHELL TANK INSTRUMENTATION CONFIGURATION



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APPENDIX E

MONTHLY SUMMARY
TANK USE SUMMARY
PUMPING RECORD, LIQUID STATUS AND PUMPABLE
LIQUID REMAINING IN TANK FARMS
INVENTORY SUMMARY BY TANK FARM
INVENTORY AND STATUS BY TANK

E-2

TABLE E-1. MONTHLY SUMMARY TANK STATUS

	200	200	
	EAST AREA	WEST AREA	<u>TOTAL</u>
IN SERVICE	25	03	28 (1)
OUT OF SERVICE	66	83	149
SOUND	59	51	110
ASSUMED LEAKER	32	35	67
INTERIM STABILIZED	60	59	119 (2)
ISOLATED			
PARTIAL INTERIM	11	30	41
INTRUSION PREVENTION COMPLETE	55	53	108
CONTROLLED, CLEAN, AND STABLE	12	24	36

		WASTE VO	LUMES (Kgallo	ns)			
		200	200		SST	DST	
		EAST AREA	WEST AREA	TOTAL	TANKS	TANKS	TOTAL
SUPERN	<u>ATANT</u>						
AGING	Aging waste	1573	0	1573	0	1573	1573
CC	Complexant concentrate waste	2157	1490	3647	3	3644	3647
CP	Concentrated phosphate waste	1094	0	1094	0	1094	1094
DC	Dilute complexed waste	868	1	869	2	867	869
DN	Dilute non-complexed waste	1912	0	1912	0	1912	1912
DN/PD	Dilute non-complex/PUREX TRU solid	344	0	344	0	344	344
DN/PT	Dilute non-complex/PFP TRU solids	0	755	755	0	755	755
NCPLX	Non-complexed waste	207	289	496	496	0	496
DSSF	Double-shall slurry feed	4411	48	4459	57	4402	4459
TOTAL	L SUPERNATANT	12566	2583	15149	558	14591	15149
SOLIDS				***************			
Double	e-shell sturry	410	0	410	0	410	410
Sludge	•	9147	6217	15364	11846	3518	15364
Saltca	ske	6265	16740	23005	22926	79	23005
TOTA	L SOLIDS	15822	22957	38779	34772	4007	38779
TO	TAL WASTE	28388	25540	53928	35330	18598	53928
AVAILA	BLE SPACE IN TANKS	12002	691	12693	0	12693	12693
DRAINAI	BLE INTERSTITIAL	2229	4601	6830	6551	279	6830
DRAINAI	BLE LIQUID REMAINING	14796	7171	21967	7097	14870	21967

⁽¹⁾ Includes six double-shell tanks on Hydrogen Watch List not currently allowed to receive waste, AN-103, AN-104, AN-105, AW-101, SY-101, and SY-103.

⁽²⁾ includes one tank (B-202) which does not meet current established supernatant and interstitial liquid stabilization criteria.

TABLE E-2. TANK USE SUMMARY

	•				ISOLATED TAI	NKS		
TANK <u>FARMS</u>	TANKS RECEIVING WASTE TRANSERS	SOUND	ASSUMED LEAKER	PARTIAL INTERIM	INTRUSION PREVENTION COMPLETED	CONTROLLED CLEAN, AND <u>STABLE</u>	INTERIM TABILIZED <u>TANKS</u>	
EAST +								
A	0	3	3	2	4	0	5	
AN	7 (1)	7	0	0	0		0	
AP	8	8	0	0	0		0	
AW	6 (1)	6	0	0	0		0	
AX	0	2	2	1	3		3	
AY	2	2	0	0	0		0	
AZ	2	2	0	0	0		0	
В	0	6	10	0	16		16	(2)
BX	0	7	5	0	12	12	12	
BY	0	7	5	5	7		10	
С	0	9	7	3	13		14	
Total	25	59	32	11	55	12	60	
WEST								
S	0	11	1	10	2		4	
SX	0	5	10	6	9		9	
SY	3 (1)	3	0	0	0		0	
T	0	9	7	5	11		14	
TX	0	10	8	0	18	18	18	
TY	0	1	5	0	6	6	6	
U	0	12	4	9	7		8	
\$4.555555555555555555	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	Siring Mhanda ay coo cacaa	*************					
Total	3	51	35	30	53	24	59	
TOTAL	28	110	67	41	108	36	119	

⁽¹⁾ Six Double-Shell Tanks on the Hydrogen Tank Watch List are not currently receiving waste transfers (AN-103, 104, 105, AW-101, SY-101 and 103).

⁽²⁾ Includes tank B-202 which no longer meets established supernatant interstitial liquid stabilization criteria.

TABLE E-3. PUMPING RECORD, LIQUID STATUS AND PUMPABLE LIQUID REMAINING IN TANK FARMS

			Waste Vo	lumes (Kgallons)				- {
TANK FARMS	PUMPED I	PUMPED FY TO DATE	CUMULATIVE TOTAL PUMPED 1979 TO DATE	SUPERNATANT LIQUID	DRAINABLE INTERSTITIAL	DRAINABLE LIQUID REMAINING	PUMPABLE LIQUID REMAINING	
EAST	THIS MUNTH	TO DATE	1979 TO DATE	LIGUID	REMAINING	REMAINING	REMAINING	ļ
Α	0.0	0.0	150.5	9	492	501	441	ì
AN	N/A	N/A	N/A	3717	127	3844	N/A	
AP	N/A	N/A	N/A	3603	3	3606	N/A	1
AW	N/A	N/A	N/A	2954	139	3093	N/A	
AX	0.0	0.0	13.0	3	409	412	344	
AY	N/A	N/A	N/A	499	5	504	N/A	- 11
AZ	N/A	N/A	N/A	1573	5	1578	N/A	
В	0.0	0.0	0.0	15	164	179	80	[]
BX	N/A	0.0	200.2	21	107	129	N/A	1,
BY	0.0	0.0	1567.8	0	588	588	431] '
С	0.0	0.0	103.0	172	190	362	272	1
Total	0.0	0.0	2034.5	12566	2229	14796	1568	
WEST								
S	0.0	0.0	853.6	71	1303	1361	1138	1
SX	5.1	25.0	138.2	63	1482	1545	1420	- }
SY	N/A	N/A	N/A	2245	0	2245	N/A	- 1
T	7.1	87.1	209.5	28	178	206	142	
TX	N/A	0.0	1205.7	5	250	255	N/A	1
TY	N/A	0.0	29.9	3	31	34	N/A	j
U	0.0	0.0	0.0	168	1357	1525	1377	ſ
Total	12.2	112.1	2436.9	2583	4601	7171	4077	
TOTAL	12.2	112.1	4471.4	15149	6830 (1)	21967	5645 (1)	

⁽¹⁾ Volume based on 21% (sludge waste) and 50% (saltcake waste) liquid in solid (porosity) value, per WHC-SD-W236A-ES-012, Rev .1, dated May 21, 1996, a re-evaluation of the non-stabilized tanks.

N/A = Not applicable for Double-Shell Tank Farms, and Single-Shell Tank Farms which have been declared Controlled, Clean and Stable (BX, TX, TY).

TABLE E-4. INVENTORY SUMMARY BY TANK FARM September 30, 1998

					SUPERN	ATANT	LIQUI	D VOL	UMES	(Kgallo	ns)			SOLID	S VOLUM	ME
TANK	TOTAL	AVAIL													SALT	
EARM	WASTE	SPACE	_AGING	CC	CP	DC	DN	DN/PD	DN/PI	DSSF	NCPLX	TOTAL	DSS	SLUDGE	_CAKE	TOTAL
EAST																
A	1537	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	9	0	556	972	1528
AN	5451	2529	0	1802	0	0	125	0	0	1790	0	3717	410	1324	0	1734
AP	3693	5427	0	0	1094	254	462	0	0	1793	0	3603	0	90	0	90
AW	4361	2479	0	352	0	551	888	344	0	819	0	2954	0	1332	75	140
AX	906	0	0	3	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	3	0	19	884	90:
AY	629	1331	0	0	0	62	437	0	0	0	0	499	0	130	0	130
AZ	1724	236	1573	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	0	1573	0	151	0	15
B	2057	0	0	O	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	15	0	1697	345	204
вх	1493	0	0	0	0	0	0	ō	0	0	21	21	0	1351	121	147
BY	4561	0	۰ ا	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	693	3868	456
С	1976	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	o	171	172	0	1804	0	180
lo ud	28388	12002	1578	2157	1094	868	1912	344	0	4411	207	12566	410	9147	6265	1582
WEST																
3	5300	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	17	54	71	o	1166	4063	522
X	4419	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	62	63	0	1254	3102	435
SY	2740	691	0	11490	o	0	0	0	755	0	0	12245	o	491	4	49
-	1884	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	28	28	0	1856	0	185
x	7009	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	5	0	241	6763	700
ΓΥ	638	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	0	571	64	63
J	3550	o	0	o	0	0	0	0	o	31	137	168	0	638	2744	338
otel	25540	691	0	11490	0	1	O	ø	758	48	289	12583	0	6217	15740	2295
TOTAL.	53928	12693	1573	13647									**********		~~~~~	*************
	an comment design and the			**************************************	1094	869	1912	344	755	4459	496	25145	410	15364	23005	3877

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TABLE E-5. INVENTORY AND STATUS BY TANK - DOUBLE SHELL TANKS

		TANK S	TATUS					LIQ	IID AOFAY	AE	S	DLIDS VOL	UME	VOLU	ME DETERM	INATION	PHOTOS	VIDEOS	
				EQUIVA-	_		SUPER-	DRAIN- ABLE	DRAIN- ABLE	PUMP- ABLE									SEE FOOTNOT
				LENT	TOTAL		NATANT	INTER-	LIQUID	LIQUID				LIQUID	SOLIDS	SOLIDS	LAST	LAST	FOR
TA 614	WAST		TANK	WASTE	WASTE		FIGNID	STIT.	REMAIN	REMAIN	DSS	SLUDGE			VOLUME	VOLUME	IN-TANK	IN-TANK	THESE
TANK	MATL	INTEGRITY	USE	INCHES	(Kgal)	(Kgai)	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	(Kgal)		CAKE	METHO	METHOD	UPDATE	PHOTO	VIDEO	CHANGE
							_		<u>AN TANI</u>	K FARM	TATUS	.				·			•
AN-101	DN	SOUND	DRCVR	57.5	158	982	125	0	1 25	1 25	0	33	0	FM	S	04/30/96	0/ 0/ 0		
AN-102	CC	SOUND	CWHT	387.6	1066	74	977	3	980	977	0	89	0	FM	S	08/22/89	0/0/0		
AN-103	DSS	SOUND	CWHT	348.4	958	182	548	0	548	548	410	0	0	FM	S	03/31/97	10/29/87)
AN-104	DSSF	SOUND	CWHT	383.3	1054	86	605	48	653	631	0	449	0	FM	S	03/31/97	06/19/68		İ
AN-105	DSSF	SOUND	CWHT	410.2	1128	12	639	53	692	670	0	489	0	FM	S	03/31/97	01/26/98		
AN-108	CC	SOUND	CWHT	14.2	39	1101	22	0	22	22	0	17	0	FM	S	08/22/89	0/0/0		Ì
AN-107	CC	SOUND	CWHT	381.1	1048	92	801	23	824	802	0	247	0	FM	S	08/22/89	09/01/88		
7 DOUE	LE-SHEL	L TANKS		TOTALS	5451	2529	3717	127	3844	3775	410	1324	ō	 					
						1010				0,10			Ť	<u> </u>	***************************************		·····		<u> </u>
									AP TANI	C FARM	TATUS								
AP-101		SOUND	DRCVR	405.5	1115	25	1115	0	1115	1115	0	0	0	FM	S	05/01/89	1		j
AP-102		SOUND	GRTFD	397.6	1094	46	1094	0	1094	1094	l o	0	0	FM	S	07/11/89	0/0/0		1
AP-103		SOUND	DRCVR	9.1	25	1115	24	0	24	24	0	1	0	FM	S	05/31/96	0/ 0/ 0		ł
AP-104		SOUND	GRTFD	9.1	25	1115	25	0	25	25		0	0	FM	S	10/13/88	0/0/0		
AP-105		SOUND	CWHT	278.9	767	373	678	3	681	678	0	89	0	FM	S	03/31/98	0/0/0	09/27/95	5 (a)
AP-106		SOUND	DRCVR	141.5	389	751	389	0	389	389	0	0	0	FM	S	10/13/88	0/0/0		ļ
AP-107		SOUND	DRCVR	8.7	24	1116	24	0	24	24	0	0	0	FM	5	10/13/88	0/ 0/ 0		
AP-108	DC	SOUND	DRCVR	92.4	254	886	254	0	254	254	\ °	0	0	FM	S	10/13/88	0/0/0		
8 DOUB	LE-SHEL	L TANKS		TOTALS	3693	5427	3603	3	3606	3603	0	90	0						
									AW TAN	K FARM	STATUS	<u>i</u>							
AW-101	DSSF	SOUND	CWHT	409.1	1125	15	819	30	849	827	0	306	0	FM	s	03/31/97	03/17/88		1
AW-102	DC	SOUND	EVFD	214.9	591	549	551	0	551	551	0	40	0	FM	s	08/31/97	02/02/83		
AW-103	DN/PD	SOUND	DRCVR	186.2	Б12	628	165	35	200	178	lo	347	0	FM	s	03/31/98	0/0/0		(a)
AW-104	DN	SOUND	DRCVR	406.9	1119	21	888	30	918	896	0	158	75	FM	s	03/31/98	02/02/83		(a)
AW-105	DN/PD	SOUND	DRCVR	157.8	434	706	179	24	203	181	0	255	0	FM	S	03/31/98	0/0/0		(a)
AW-106	CC	SOUND	SRCVR	210.9	580	560	352	20	372	352	0	228	0	FM	s	08/31/97	02/02/83		
							ì				ı			•					1

TABLE E-5. INVENTORY AND STATUS BY TANK - DOUBLE SHELL TANKS

September 30, 1998

		TANK S	STATUS					LIQU	JID VOLUK	AE		SOLIDS V	OLUME	VOL	UME DETEI	RMINATION	PHOTO		
								DRAIN-	DRAIN-	PUMP-									SEE
				EQUIVA-			SUPER-	ABLE	ABLE	ABLE									FOOTNO1
				LENT	TOTAL	AVAIL.	NATANT	INTER-	LIQUID	LIQUID				LIQUID	SOLIOS	SOLIDS	LAST	LAST	FOR
	WAST	TANK	TANK	WASTE	WASTE	SPACE	LIQUID	STIT.	REMAIN	REMAIN	DSS	SLUDGE	SALT	VOLUME	VOLUME	VOLUME	IN-TANK	IN-TANK	THESE
TANK	MATL	INTEGRITY	USE	INCHES	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	(Kgai)	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	(Kgal)				METHOD	UPDATE	PHOTO	VIDEO	CHANGES
																			•
								▲		FARM ST	ATUS						•		
AY-101		SOUND	DRCVR	61.6	170	810	62	5	67	62	0	108	0	FM	8	10/31/97	12/28/82		
AY-102	DN	SOUND	DRCVR	166.9	459	521	437	0	437	437	0	22	0	FM	S	10/31/97	04/28/81		
DOUB	LE-SHELI	TANKS		TOTALS	629	1331	499	5	504	499	0	130	. 0						
								_											
								Δ	Z TANK	FARM ST	ATUS			_			_		
AZ-101	AGING	SOUND	CWHT	303.6	835	145	788	0	788	788	0	47	0	FM	S	10/31/97	08/18/83		
AZ-102	AGING	SOUND	DRCVR	323.3	889	91	785	. 5	790	786	0	104	0	FM	S	10/31/97	10/24/84		
DOUBL	.E-SHELI	. TANKS		TOTALS	1724	236	1573	5	1578	1573	0	151	0	<u> </u>					
									52 PM 4 34772	D 4 D 4 67									
W 4.04	^^	0011NID				_	t	_		FARM ST									
Y-101		SOUND	CWHT	418.5	1151	0	1110	0	1110	1110	0	41	0	FM	S	05/31/96	04/12/89		(b)
SY-102		SOUND	DRCVR	306.5	843	297	755	0	755	755	0	88	0	FM	S	03/31/98	04/29/81		(a)
Y-103	CC	SOUND	CWHT	271.3	746	394	380	0	380	380	0	362	4	FM	S	06/30/96	10/01/85		
DOUBL	E-SHELL	TANKS		TOTALS	2740	691	2245	0	2245	2245	0	491	4	 	·····				
									·					1					1
RAND	TOTAL				18598	12693	14591	279	14870	14680	410	3518	79	1					1

Note: +/- 1 Kgal differences are the result of computer rounding

Available Space Calculations

Used in This Document

IOSR WHC-SD-WM-OSR-16 (AN, AP, AW, SY)

(Most Conservative)

WHC-T-151-00009 (Aging Weste)

AN, AP, AW, SY

Tank Ferme

1,140,000 gel (414.5 in.)

1,144,000 gal (416 in.)(AN, AP, SY)

1,127,500 (410 in.) (AW-Ferm)

HNF-EP-0182-126

AY, AZ (Aging Waste)

960,000 gal (356.4 in.)

1,000,000 gal (363.6 ln.)(AY, AZ)

NOTE: Tanks AN-102, AN-107, AY-101, AY-102, AP-103, AP-104, AP-107 - These tanks currently contain waste that is outside of the current corrosion control specification. An alternate strategy of corrosion control (monitor using corrosion probes; adjust chemistry as required for control) is being proposed but has not been fully evaluated. Note that the supernate in AY-102 is within the corrosion specifications, however, the sludge layer is outside the specifications.

Solids levels in tanks AP-105, AW-103, AW-104, AW-105, and SY-102 were adjusted based on document HNF-SD-WM-TI-806, "Safety Control Optimization by Performance Evaluation-Analysis (a) Tool (SCOPE-AT) Padigree Database for Hanford Tanks," which will soon be released.

(b) Tank SY-101 - Total Waste exceeds the "most conservative" Available Space calculations used for these tanks, but does not exceed the OSR requirements

TABLE E-6. INVENTORY AND STATUS BY TANK - SINGLE-SHELL TANKS
September 30, 1998

	TANK S	TATUS					LIQ	UID VOLU	ME		SOLIDS	VOLUME	VOLUM	E DETERMIN	IATION	PHOTOS/\	/IDEOS	
					SUPER-	DRAIN- ABLE	PUMPED		DRAIN- ABLE	PUMP- ABLE		•						SEE FOOTNOTE
			STABIL/		NATE	INTER-	THIS	TOTAL	LIQUID	LIQUID		SALT	LIQUIDS	SOLIDS	SOLIDS	LAST	LAST	FOR
- 4 4 11/	WASTE	TANK	ISOLATION	WASTE	LIQUID	STIT.	MONTH	PUMPED	REMAIN	REMAIN	SLUDGE		VOLUME	VOLUME	VOLUME	IN-TANK		THESE
TANK	MAT'L.	INTEGRITY	STATUS	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	(Kgai)	(Kgel)	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	(Kgel)	METHOD	METHOD	UPDATE	PHOTO	VIDEO	CHANGES
								A TAI	NK FARM	STATUS								_
A-101	DSSF	SOUND	/PI	953	0	464	0.0	0.0	464	441	3	950	P	F	11/21/80	08/21/85		
A-102	DSSF	SOUND	IS/PI	41	4	2	0.0	39.5	6	0	15	22	P	FP	07/27/89	07/20/89		İ
A-103	DSSF	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	371	5	15	0.0	111.0	20	0	366	0	-	FP	06/03/88	12/28/88		
A-104	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	28	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	28	0	M	PS	01/27/78	06/25/86		1
A-105	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	19	0	4	0.0	0.0	4	0	19	0	P	MP	08/23/79	08/20/86		
A-106	CP	SOUND	IS/IP	125	٥	7	0.0	0.0	7	0	125	0	P	M	09/07/82	06/19/86		
SING	E-SHELL T	ANKS	TOTALS	1537	9	492	0.0	150.5	501	441	556	972						
								AX TA	NK FARM	STATUS								
AX-101	DSSF	SOUND	/PI	748	0	359	0.0	0.0	359	338	3	745	P	F	07/16/97	08/18/87		
X-102	CC	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	39	3	14	0.0	13.0	17	3	7	29	F	s	09/06/88	06/05/89		
X-103	CC	SOUND	IS/IP	112	0	36	0.0	0.0	36	3	2	110	F	S	08/19/87	08/13/87		i
4X-104	NCPLX	ASMO LKR	IS/IP	7	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	7	0	P	М	04/28/82	08/18/87		
SINGL	E-SHELL T	ANKS	TOTALS:	906	3	409	0.0	13.0	412	344	19	884		·				
								B TAP	NK FARM	STATUS								
3-101	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	113	1 0	6	0.0	0.0	6	0	113	0	l p	F	04/28/82	05/19/83		l
3-102	NCPLX	SOUND	IS/IP	32	4	0	0.0	0.0	4	ō	18	10	P	F	08/22/85			i
-103	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	59	0	o	0.0	0.0	o	0	59	0	F	F	02/28/85			ł
-104	NCPLX	SOUND	IS/IP	371	1	46	0.0	0.0	47	40	301	69	м	M	06/30/85	10/13/88		1
-105	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	306	0	23	0.0	0.0	23	0	40	266	P	MP	12/27/84	05/19/88		1
-106	NCPLX	SOUND	IS/IP	117	1	6	0.0	0.0	7	0	116	0	F	F	03/31/85	02/28/85		1
3-107	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	165	1	12	0.0	0.0	13	7	164	0	М	M	03/31/85	•		
-108	NCPLX	SOUND	IS/IP	94	0	4	0.0	0.0	4	0	94	0	F	F	05/31/85	05/10/85		
-109	NCPLX	SOUND	IS/IP	127	0	8	0.0	0.0	8	0	127	0	м	M	04/08/85	04/02/85		
-110	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	246	1	22	0.0	0.0	23	17	245	0	MP	MP	02/28/85	03/17/88		l .
-111	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	237	1	21	0.0	0.0	22	16	236	0	F	F	06/28/85			1
-112	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	33	3	0	0.0	0.0	3	0	30	0	F	F	05/31/85	05/29/85		1
-201	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	29	1	3	0.0	0.0	4	0	28	0	M	M	04/28/82		06/23/95	;
-202	NCPLX	SOUND	IS/IP	27	0	3	0.0	0.0	3	0	27	0	P	M	05/31/85	05/29/85	06/15/95	;
-203	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	51	1	5	0.0	0.0	6	0	50	0	PM	PM	05/31/84	11/13/86	**	
-204	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	50	1	5	0.0	0.0	6	0	49	0	P	M	05/31/84	10/22/87		

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TABLE E-6. INVENTORY AND STATUS BY TANK - SINGLE-SHELL TANKS

September 30, 1998

	TANK S	TATUS					LIQ	UID VOLU	ME		SOLIDS	VOLUME	VOLUM	<u>E DETERMI</u>	NATION	PHOTOS/	VIDEOS	l
						DRAIN-			DRAIN-	PUMP-								SEE
						ABLE	PUMPED		ABLE	ABLE	1							FOOTNOT
			STABIL/	TOTAL	SUPER-	INTER-	THIS	TOTAL	LIQUID	LIQUID		SALT	LIQUIDS	SOLIDS	SOLIDS	LAST	LAST	FOR
	WASTE	TANK	ISOLATION	WASTE	NATE	STIT.	MONTH	PUMPED	REMAIN	REMAIN	SLUDGE	CAKE	VOLUME	VOLUME	VOLUME	IN-TANK	IN-TANK	THESE
TANK	MAT'L.	INTEGRITY	STATUS	(Kgai)	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	METHOD	METHOD	UPDATE	PHOTO	VIDEO	CHANGES
										-								
BV 101	NODLY		10.12			_			NK FARM							•		
BX-101		ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	43	1 1	0	0.0	0.0	1	0	42	0	P	M	04/28/82	11/24/88	11/10/94	·
BX-102		ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	96	0	4	0.0	0.0	4	0	96	0	P	M	04/28/82	09/18/85		
BX-103		SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	68	6	0	0.0	0.0	6	0	62	0	P	F	11/29/83	10/31/86	10/27/94	
BX-104		SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	99] 3	30	0.0	17.4	33	27	96	0	F	F	09/22/89	09/21/89		
BX-105		SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	51	5	6	0.0	15.0	11	4	43	3	F	S	09/03/86	10/23/86		1
BX-106		SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	38	0	0	0.0	14.0	0	0	38	0	MP	PS	08/01/95	05/19/88	07/17/95	
BX-107		SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	345	1	29	0.0	23.1	30	23	344	0	MP	P	09/18/90	09/11/90		
BX-108		ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	26	0	1	0.0	0.0	1	0	26	0	М	PS	07/31/79	05/05/94		
BX-109	NCPLX	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	193	0	13	0.0	8.2	13	8	193	0	FP	P	09/17/90	09/11/90		
BX-110	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	207	3	16	0.0	1.5	19	13	195	9	MP	M	10/31/94	07/15/94	10/13/94	Į.
BX-111	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	162	1	1	0.0	116.9	3	1	52	109	м	M	04/06/95	05/19/94	02/28/95	,
BX-112	NCPLX	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	165	1	7	0.0	4.1	8	2	164	0	FP	P	09/17/90	09/11/90		
12 SING	LE-SHELL	TANKS	TOTALS:	1493	21	107	0.0	200.2	129	78	1351	121					_	
													·		<u></u>			•
DV 404	NOR! V	****				_			NK FARM			,						
BY-101		SOUND	IS/IP	387	0	5	0.0	35.8	5	0	109	278	Р	M		09/19/89		
BY-102		SOUND	IS/PI	277	0	11	0.0	159.0	11	0	٥	277	MP	M	05/01/95	09/11/87	04/11/95	5
BY-103		ASMO LKR	IS/PI	414	0	38	0.0	95.9	38	32	5	409	MP	M	11/25/97	09/07/89	02/24/97	'[
	NCPLX	SOUND	IS/IP	406	0	18	0.0	329.5	18	0	40	366	P	M	04/28/82	04/27/83		İ
BY-105		ASMD LKR	/PI	503	0	228	0.0	0.0	228	216	44	459	P	MP	07/16/97	07/01/86		1
BY-106		ASMD LKR	/Pi	642	0	200	0.0	63.7	200	163	95	547	P	MP	04/28/82	11/04/82		1
BY-107		ASMD LKR	IS/IP	266	0	25	0.0	56.4	25	0	60	206	₽	MP	04/28/82	10/15/86		
BY-108		ASMD LKR	IS/IP	228	0	9	0.0	27.5	9	0	154	74	MP	M	04/28/82	10/15/86		
BY-109		SOUND	IS/PI	290	0	37	0.0	157.1	37	20	57	233	F	PS	07/08/87	06/16/97		
BY-110		SOUND	IS/IP	398	0	9	0.0	213.3	9	0	103	295	М	S	09/10/79	07/26/84		1
BY-111	NCPLX	SOUND	IS/IP	459	0	0	0.0	313.2	0	0	21	438	P	М	04/28/82	10/31/86		1
BY-112	NCPLX	SOUND	IS/IP	291	0	8	0.0	116.4	8	0	5	286	P	M	04/28/82	04/14/88		ĺ
											I		l			1		1

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TABLE E-6. INVENTORY AND STATUS BY TANK - SINGLE-SHELL TANKS

September 30, 1998

	TANK S	STATUS					LIQ	UID VOLU	ME		SOLIDS	VOLUME		VOLUM	E DETERMI	MOTAN		
_						DRAIN-			DRAIN-	PUMP-								SEE
					i	ABLE	PUMPED		ABLE	ABLE)		1					FOOTNOT
			STABIL/	TOTAL	SUPER-	INTER-	THIS	TOTAL	LIQUID	LIQUID		SALT	LIQUIDS	SOLIDS	SOLIDS	LAST	LAST	FOR
	WASTE	TANK	ISOLATION	WASTE	NATE	STIT.	MONTH	PUMPED	REMAIN	REMAIN	SLUDGE	CAKE	VOLUME	VOLUME	VOLUME	IN-TANK	IN-TANK	THESE
TANK	MAT'L.	INTEGRITY	STATUS	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	(Kgel)	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	METHOD	METHOD	UPDATE	PHOTO	VIDEO	CHANGES
								C TA	NK FARM	STATUS	·· -							
C-101	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	88	6	3	0.0	0.0	3	0	88	0	M	М	11/29/83	11/17/87		1
C-102	DC	SOUND	IS/IP	316	0	30	0.0	46.7	30	17	316	0	F	FP	09/30/95	05/18/76	08/24/95	s
C-103	NCPLX	SOUND	/PI	195	133	2	0.0	0.0	135	133	62	0	F	s	10/20/90	07/28/87		j.
C-104	CC	SOUND	IS/IP	295	0	11	0.0	0.0	11	5	295	0	FP	P	09/22/89	07/25/90		l
C-105	NCPLX	SOUND	IS/PI	134	2	30	0.0	0.0	32	9	132	o	F	S	10/31/95	08/05/94	08/30/95	5
C-106	NCPLX	SOUND	/PI	229	32	30	0.0	0.0	62	52	197	0	F	P\$	04/28/82	08/05/94	08/08/94	վ
C-107	DC	SOUND	IS/IP	237	l o	24	0.0	40,8	24	15	237	0	l F	S	09/30/95	00/00/00		Į.
C-10E	NCPLX	SOUND	IS/IP	66	ه ا	o	0.0	0.0	0	0	66	0	м	s	02/24/84	12/05/74	11/17/94	ıl .
C-109	NCPLX	SOUND	IS/IP	66	4	0	0.0	0.0	4	0	62	0	М	PS	11/29/83	01/30/76]
C-110	DC	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	178	lι	28	0.0	15.5	29	15	177	o	l F	FMP	06/14/95	08/12/86	05/23/95	5 {
C-111	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	57	۰ ا	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	57	О	М	s	04/28/82	02/25/70	02/02/9	5
C-112	NCPLX	SOUND	IS/IP	104	1 0	32	0.0	0.0	32	26	104	0	м	PS	09/18/90	09/18/90		
C-201	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	2	ه ا	0	0.0	0.0	0	0] 2	o	l P	MP	03/31/82	12/02/86		l
C-202	EMPTY	ASMO LKR	IS/IP	1		0	0.0	0.0	0	0	1	o	P	M	01/19/79	12/09/86		
C-203	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	5	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	5	0	P	MP	04/28/82	12/09/86		
C-204	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	3	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	3	О	P	MP	04/28/82	12/09/86		'
					<u> </u>						l		1					<u> </u>
16 SI	VGLE-SHELL	TANKS	TOTALS:	1976	172	190	0.0	103.0	362	272	1804	0				L		
								S TA	NK FARM	STATUS								
S-101	NCPLX	SOUND	/PI	427	12	126	0.0	0.0	138	127	244	171	F	PS	09/16/80	03/18/88		ł
S-102	DSSF	SOUND	/PI	549	0	262	0.0	0.0	262	239	4	545] P	FP	04/28/82	03/18/88		
S-103	DSSF	SOUND	/Pf	248	17	101	0.0	0.0	118	97	10	221	М	S	11/20/60	06/01/89		1
S-104	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	294	1	28	0.0	0.0	29	23	293	О	М	M	12/20/84	12/12/84		
S-105	NCPLX	SOUND	IS/IP	456	0	35	0.0	114.3	35	13	2	454	MP	S	09/26/88	04/12/89		
S-10 6	NCPLX	SOUND	/PI	479	4	186	0.0	97.0	190	168	28	447	P	FP	12/31/93	03/17/89	09/12/94	4
S-107	NCPLX	SOUND	/Pt	376	14	85	0.0	0.0	99	86	293	69	F	PS	09/25/80	03/12/87		
S-108	NCPLX	SOUND	IS/PI	450	0	4	0.0	199.8	4	0	1 4	446	P	MP	12/20/96	03/12/87	12/03/9	6
5-109	NCPLX	SOUND	/PI	568	0	141	0.0	111.0	141	119	13	555	F	PS	09/30/75	08/24/84		1
S-110	NCPLX	SOUND	IS/PI	390	٥	30	0.0	203.1	30	23	131	259	F	PS	05/14/92	03/12/87	1 2/1 1/9	6
S-111	NCPLX	SOUND	/PI	540	23	195	0.0	3.3	205	134	139	378	P	FP	06/30/97	08/10/89		
5-112	NCPLX	SOUND	/PI	523	0	110	0.0	125,1	110	107	5	518	P	FP	12/31/93	03/24/87		1
					<u></u>				 -		 		↓					
12 SM	IGLE-SHELL	IANKS	TOTALS:	5300] 71	1303	0.0	853.6	1361	1138	1166	4063	1			į .		i

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TABLE E-6. INVENTORY AND STATUS BY TANK - SINGLE-SHELL TANKS

August 31,

September 30, 1998

	TANK S	TATUS			<u> </u>		LIQ	UID VOLU	ME		SOLIOS VOLUME VOLUME DETERMINATION							
						DRAIN- ABLE	PUMPED		DRAIN- ABLE	PUMP- ABLE								SEE FOOTNOT
			STABIL/	TOTAL	SUPER-	INTER-	THIS	TOTAL	LIQUID	LIQUID	İ	SALT	LIQUIDS	SOLIDS	SOLIDS	LAST	LAST	FOR
	WASTE	TANK	ISOLATION	WASTE	NATE	STIT.	MONTH	PUMPED	REMAIN	REMAIN	SLUDGE	CAKE	VOLUME	VOLUME	VOLUME	IN-TANK	IN-TANK	THESE
ANK	MAT'L.	INTEGRITY	STATUS	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	(Kgai)	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	(Kgel)	(Kgal)	METHOD	METHOD	UPDATE	PHOTO	VIDEO	CHANGES
								SX TAI	NK FARM	STATUS								_
X-101	DC	SOUND	/PI	456	l 1	184	0.0	0.0	185	174	112	343	Ιp	FP	04/28/82	03/10/89		1
X-102	DSSF	SOUND	/PI	543	o	226	0.0	0.0	226	216	117	426	P	M	04/28/82			
X-103	NCPLX	SOUND	/PI	652	1	281	0.0	0.0	282	272	115	536	F	S	07/15/91	12/17/87		
X-104	DSSF	ASMO LKR	/PI	614	0	176	5.1	138.2	176	170	136	478	F	s	07/07/89		02/04/98	3 (a)
SX-105	DSSF	SOUND	/PI	683	0	309	0.0	0.0	309	299	73	610	P	F	04/26/82	06/15/88		
X-106	NCPLX	SOUND	/PI	538	61	224	0.0	0.0	285	264	12	465	F	PS	10/28/80	06/01/89		
X-107	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	104	0	5	0.0	0.0	5	. 0	104	0	P	M	04/28/82	03/06/87		i
X-108	NCPLX	ASMO LKR	IS/IP	87	0	5	0.0	0.0	5	0	87	0	P	M	12/31/93	03/06/87		
X-109	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	244	0	48	0.0	0.0	48	25	0	244	P	M	01/10/96	05/21/86		
X-110	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	62	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	62	0	M	PS	10/06/76	02/20/87		
X-111	NCPLX	AŚMD LKR	IS/IP	125	0	7	0.0	0.0	7	0	1 25	0	M	PS	05/31/74	06/09/94		
X-112	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	92	0	3	0.0	0.0	3	0	92	0	P	M	04/28/82	03/10/87		
X-113	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	26	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	26	0	P	M	04/28/82	03/18/88		1
X-114	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	181	0	14	0.0	0.0	14	0	181	0	P	M	04/28/82	02/26/87		1
X-115	NCPLX	ASMO LKR	IS/IP	12	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	12	0	P	М	04/28/82	03/31/88		
5 SING	LE-SHELL	TANKS	TOTALS:	4419	63	1482	5, 1	138.2	1545	1420	1254	3102						
								T TAN	K FARM	CT ATIIC								
-101	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/PI	102	1 1	16	0.0	25.3	17	0 STVIAS	101	0	l e	s	04/14/93	04/07/93		I
	NCPLX	SOUND	IS/IP	32	13	0	0.0	0.0	13	13	19	o	1	FP	08/31/84	1		
	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	27		0	0.0	0.0	4	0	23	0	'=	FP	11/29/83			
	NCPLX	SOUND	/PI	334	٥	55	4.6	135.4	5 5	52	334	0		MP	09/30/98	1		(b)
	NCPLX	SOUND	IS/IP	98	ا آ	23	0.0	0.0	23	17	98	0	ا	F	05/30/90	05/14/87		""
-	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	21	,	0	0.0	0.0	23	0	19	0		FP	04/28/82		•	
-107	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/PI	173	هٔ ا	22	0.0	11.0	22	12	173	0		FP	05/31/96	1	05/09/90	
	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	44	ő	0	0.0	0.0	0	0		0	r	M		07/17/84	ופופטופט	7

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TABLE E-6. INVENTORY AND STATUS BY TANK - SINGLE-SHELL TANKS
September 30, 1998

	TANK S	STATUS					LIO	UID VOLU	ME		SOLIDS VOLUME VOLUME DETERMINATION							
		•		-		DRAIN-			DRAIN-	PUMP-								SEE
						ABLE	PUMPED		ABLE	ABLE								FOOTNOTE
			STABIL/	TOTAL	SUPER-	INTER-	THIS	TOTAL	FIGUID	LIQUID		SALT	LIQUIDS	SOLIDS	SOLIDS	LAST	LAST	FOR
	WASTE	TANK	ISOLATION	WASTE	NATE	STIT.	MONTH	PUMPED	REMAIN	REMAIN	SLUDGE	CAKE	VOLUME	VOLUME	VOLUME	IN-TANK	IN-TANK	THESE
TANK	MAT'L.	INTEGRITY	STATUS	(Kgal)	(Kgai)	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	(Kgel)	(Kgal)	METHOD	METHOD	UPDATE	PHOTO	VIDEO	CHANGES
-109	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	1S/IP	58	1 0	o	0.0	0.0	•		l 50		1	••	40/00/04	ا ممرود الم		ı
110	NCPLX	SOUND	/PI	359		15	2.5		0	0	58	0	i	M	12/30/84	1		l
-111	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/PI	446	0			28.2	15	12	359	0		FP	09/30/98		00110105	(c)
-112	NCPLX	SOUND	IS/FI	67	7	34	0.0	9.6	34	29 7	446	0		FP	04/18/94		02/13/95	<u>'</u>
-201	NCPLX	SOUND	IS/IP	29	1 1	0 3	0.0	0.0	7	•	60	0	1	FP	04/28/82			
-202	NCPLX	SOUND	IS/IP		,	_	0.0	0.0	•	0	28	0		PS	05/31/78			
-203	NCPLX	SOUND	IS/IP	21 35	0	2 4	0.0	0.0	2	0	21	0	1 ''	P	07/12/81	I		
-204	NCPLX	SOUND	IS/IP	38	0		0.0	0.0	4	0	35	0	1	PS	01/31/78	1		
-204	NOPLX	SCOND	13/17	36	"	4	0.0	0.0	4	0	38	0	FP	P	07/22/81	06/03/89		
6 SIN	3LE-SHELL	TANKS	TOTALS:	1884	28	178	7.1	209.5	206	142	1856	0	†			<u> </u>		
									•									
									NK FARM									
	NCPLX	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	87	3	2	0.0	0.0	5	0	84	0	1	P	02/02/84	1		
	NCPLX	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	217	0	22	0.0	94.4	22	0	0	217	M	S	08/31/84	10/31/85		
	NCPLX	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	167	0	15	0.0	68.3	15	0	157	0	F	S	08/14/80	10/31/95		
	NCPLX	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	65	1	14	0.0	3.6	15	0	0	64	F	FP	04/06/84	10/16/84		1
	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	609	0	20	0.0	121.5	20	0	0	609	M	PS	08/22/77	10/24/89		1
	NCPLX	SOUND	is/IP/CCS	453	0	10	0.0	134.6	10	0	0	453	M	S	08/29/77	10/31/95		1
	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	36	1	1	0.0	0.0	2	0	0	35	FP	FP	01/20/84	10/31/85		
	NCPLX	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	134	0	0	0.0	13.7	0	0	0	134	P	FP	05/30/83	09/12/89		
	NCPLX	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	384	0	10	0.0	72.3	10	0	0	384	F	PS	05/30/83	10/24/89		
X-110	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	462	0	15	0.0	115.1	15	0	0	462	М	PS	05/30/83	10/24/89		
X-111	NCPLX	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	370	0	9	0.0	98.4	9	0	0	370	M	PS	07/26/77	09/12/89		
X-112	NCPLX	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	649	0	24	0.0	94.0	24	0	0	649	P	PS	05/30/83	11/19/87		
X-113	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	807	0	16	0.0	19.2	16	0	0	607	M	PS	05/30/83	04/11/83	09/23/94	ıl 💮
X-114	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	535	0	15	0.0	104.3	15	0	0	535	м	PS	05/30/83	04/11/83	02/17/95	5
X-115	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	640	0	19	0.0	99.1	19	0	0	640	M	s	03/25/83	06/15/88		
X-116	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	631	0	23	0.0	23.8	23	0	ه ا	531	м	PS	03/31/72	10/17/89		
X-117	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	626	0	8	0.0	54.3	8	0	0	626	М	PS	12/31/71	04/11/83		
X-118	NCPLX	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	347	0	27	0.0	89.1	27	0	0	347	F	S	11/17/80			
					<u> </u>						ļ		<u> </u>			ļ		ļ
D 211	LE-SHELL	IANKS	TOTALS:	7009	5	250	0.0	1205.7	255	0	241	6763	1			I		1

TABLE E-6. INVENTORY AND STATUS BY TANK - SINGLE-SHELL TANKS
September 30, 1998

	TANK S	TATUS					LIC	UID VOLU	ME		SOLIDS	VOLUM	VOLUM	E DETERMIN	NATION	PHOTOS/	/IDEOS	
					SUPER-	DRAIN- ABLE	PUMPED		DRAIN- ABLE	PUMP- ABLE								SEE FOOTNOTE
			STABIL/	TOTAL	NATE	INTER-	THIS	TOTAL	LIQUID	LIQUID		SALT	LIQUIDS	SOLIDS	SOLIDS	LAST	LAST	FOR
	WASTE	TANK	ISOLATION	WASTE	רוסטום	STIT.	MONTH	PUMPED	REMAIN	REMAIN	SLUDGE	CAKE	VOLUME	VOLUME	VOLUME	IN-TANK	IN-TANK	THESE
ANK	MAT'L.	INTEGRITY	STATUS	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	METHOD	METHOD	UPDATE	PHOTO	VIDEO	CHANGES
								TV TA	NK FARM	STATUS			•					
Y-101	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	118	Ιo	0	0.0	8.2	0	0	118	0	l p	F	04/28/82	08/22/89		1
Y-102	NCPLX	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	64	0	14	0.0	6.6	14	0	0	64	P	FP	06/28/82			
Y-103	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	162	0	5	0.0	11.5	5	0	162	0	P	FP	07/09/82			
Y-104	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	46	3	12	0.0	0.0	15	0	43	0	P	FP	06/27/90	11/03/87		
Y-105	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	231	0	0	0.0	3.6	0	0	231	0	P	М	04/28/82	09/07/89		
Y-108	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	17	٥	0	0.0	0.0	0	o	17	0	P	M	04/28/82	08/22/89		1
SINGL	E-SHELL T	ANKS	TOTALS:	638	3	31	0.0	29.9	34	0	571	64						<u> </u>
		<u>_</u>												•				
								<u>U TAN</u>	<u>IK FARM</u>	<u>STATUS</u>								
-101	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	25	3	0	0.0	0.0	3	0	22	0	P	MP	04/28/82	06/19/79		
-102	NCPLX	SOUND	/PI	374	18	154	0.0	0.0	172	160	43	313	P	MP	04/28/82	06/08/89		
-103	NCPLX	SOUND	/PI	466	13	207	0.0	0.0	220	205	32	423	P	FP	04/28/82	09/13/88		
104	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	122	0	7	0.0	0.0	7	0	122	0	P	MP	04/28/82	08/10/89		1
105	NCPLX	SOUND	/PI	418	37	170	0.0	0.0	207	192	32	349	FM	PS	09/30/78	07/07/88		
106	NCPLX	SOUND	/PI	226	15	87	0.0	0.0	102	85	26	185	F	PS	12/30/93	07/07/88		
107	DSSF	SOUND	/PI	406	31	172	0.0	0.0	203	183	15	360	F	S	12/30/93	10/27/68		
108	NCPLX	SOUND	/PI	468	24	202	0.0	0.0	226	209	29	415	F	S	12/30/93	09/12/84		
109	NCPLX	SOUND	/PI	463	19	197	0.0	0.0	216	205	48	396	F	F	06/30/96	07/07/88		1
110	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/PI	186	0	15	0.0	0.0	15	9	186	0	M	М	12/30/84	12/11/84		1
111	DSSF	SOUND	/PI	329	0	146	0.0	0.0	146	129	26	303	PS	FPS	02/10/84	06/23/88		1
112	NCPLX	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	49	4	0	0.0	0.0	4	0	45	0	P	MP	02/10/84	06/03/89		İ
201	NCPLX	SOUND	IS/IP	5	1	0	0.0	0.0	1	0	4	0	М	S	08/15/79	08/08/89		
202	NCPLX	SOUND	IS/IP	5	1	0	0.0	0.0	1	0	4	0	М	S	08/15/79	06/06/89		1
203	NCPLX	SOUND	IS/IP	3	1	0	0.0	0.0	1	0	2	0	M	S	08/15/79	06/13/89		
204	NCPLX	SOUND	IS/IP	3	t	0	0.0	0.0	1	0	2	0	M	S	08/15/79	06/13/89		
SING	LE-SHELL	TANKS	TOTALS:	3550	168	1357	0.0	0.0	1525	1377	638	2744						
A NID	TOTAL			35330	558	6551	12.2	4471.4	7097	5723	11846	22926						

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FOOTNOTES:

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Total Waste is calculated as the sum of Sludge and Saltçake plus Supernate.

The category "Interim Isolated" (II) was changed to "Intrusion Prevention" (IP) in June 1993. See section C. "Tank and Equipment Code and Status Definitions."

Stabilization information from WHC-SD-RE-TI-178 SST STABILIZATION RECORD, latest revision, or SST Stabilization or Cognizent Engineer

(a) SX-104 Following Information from Cognizant Engineer

Pumping occurred September 1 and 2, and was interrupted for the annual pressure test on the transfer line to 244-S. Pumping resumed on September 11 and continued through September 12 when it was interrupted due to a problem with the flammable gas monitor. A transfer to SY-102 was performed on September 17, and pumping resumed again on September 18 after the flammable gas monitor was repaired. Pumping was interrupted again on September 22 to allow work to progress on the installation of intrinsically safe leak detectors. Pumping will be resumed in early October.

TABLE E-6. INVENTORY AND STATUS BY TANK - SINGLE-SHELL TANKS
September 30, 1998

Total Weste: 614 Kgal Supernate: 0 Kgal

Drainable Interstitial: 176.8 Kgal Pumped this month: 15.8 Kgal Total Pumped: 5.1 Kgal

Drainable Liquid Remaining: 175.8 Kgal Pumpable Liquid Remaining: 169.8 Kgal

Sludge: 136 Kgal Saltcake: 478 Kgal

(b) T-104 Following information from Cognizant Engineer

Pumping resumed June 7, 1998.

Total Waste: 334 Kgal Supernate: 0 Kgal

Drainable Interstitisl: 54.9 Kgal Pumped this month: 4.6 Kgal Total Pumped: 135.4 Kgal

Drainable Liquid Remaining: 54.9 Kgal Pumpable Liquid Remaining: 51.9 Kgal

Sludge: 334 Kgal Saltcake: 0 Kgal

Actual volume of liquid remaining to be pumped is still a rough estimate. Volumes will be corrected as porosity data becomes available with continued pumping.

1629 gal of raw water was used during September pumping operations.

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TABLE E-6. INVENTORY AND STATUS BY TANK - SINGLE-SHELL TANKS September 30, 1998

FOOTNOTES:

(c) T-110 Following Information from Cognizant Engineer

Pumping began May 21, 1997. Saltwell pump broke on August 16, 1998, and was replaced in September.

Total Waste: 359 Kgal Supernate: O Kgal

Drainable Interstitial: 15.2 Kgal Pumped this month: 2.5 Kgal Total Pumped: 28.2 Kgal

Drainable Liquid Remaining: 15.2 Kgal Pumpable Liquid Remaining: 12.2 Kgal

Sludge: 359 Kgal Saltcake: 0 Kgal

Actual volume of liquid remaining to be pumped is still a rough estimate at this time. Volumes will be corrected as porosity data becomes available with continued pumping.

1153 gal of raw water was used during September for T-110 pumping operations.

APPENDIX F

PERFORMANCE SUMMARY

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TABLE F-1. PERFORMANCE SUMMARY (Sheet 1 of 2)

WASTE VOLUMES (Kgallons) September 30, 1998

INCREASES/DECREASES IN WASTE VOLUMES STORED IN DOUBLE-SHELL TANKS

CUMULATIVE EVAPORATION - 1950 TO PRESENT WASTE VOLUME REDUCTION

STOKED IN DOOD	LE-SHELL TANKS		WASTE VO	LUME REDUCTION	
	THIS	FY1998	FACILITY		
SOURCE	MONTH	IO DATE	242-B EVAPORATOR (10)		717
B PLANT	0	37	242-T EVAPORATOR (1950's) (10)	918
PUREX TOTAL (1)	0	0	IN-TANK SOLIDIFICATION UNIT 1	(10)	1187
PFP (1)	0	0	IN-TANK SOLIDIFICATION UNIT 2	(10)	1529
T PLANT (1)	0	0	IN-TANK SOLID, UNIT 1 & 2 (10)		796
S PLANT (1)	1	11	(after conversion of Unit 1 to a c	cooler for Unit 2)	883
300 AREAS (1)	0	15	242-T (Modified) (10)		2447
400 AREAS (1)	0	0	242-S EVAPORATOR (10)		4198
SULFATE WASTE -100 N (2)	0	0	242-A EVAPORATOR (11)		7368
TRAINING/X-SITE (9)	0	84	242-A Evaporator was restarte	d April 15, 1994,	
TANK FARMS (6)	1	44	after having been shut down si	nce April 1989.	
SALTWELL LIQUID (8)	9	97	Total waste reduction since	restart;	948
			Campaign 94-1	2417 Kgal	
OTHER GAINS	6	223	Campaign 94-2	2787 Kgai	
Slurry increase (3)	6		Campaign 95-1	2161 Kgal	
Condensate	0		Campaign 96-1	1117 Kgal	
Instrument change (7)	0		Campaign 97-1	351 Kgal	
Unknown (5)	0		Campaign 97-2	653 Kgal	
OTHER LOSSES	-9	- 266			
Slurry decrease (3)	-1				
Evaporation (4)	-4				
Instrument change (7)	0		}		
Unknown (5)	-4		11		
EVAPORATED	0	0	1 }		
GROUTED	0	O			
TOTAL Note: No waste due to BIO (Basis	8	245			

TABLE F-1. PERFORMANCE SUMMARY (Sheet 2 of 2)

Footnotes:

INCREASES/DECREASES IN WASTE VOLUMES

- (1) Including flush
- (2) Sulfate waste is generated from ion exchange backflushing and sand filter clean out, resulting in sulfate waste.
- (3) Slurry increase/growth is caused by gas generation within the waste.
- (4) Aging waste tanks
- (5) Unknown waste gains or losses
- (6) Includes Tank Farms miscellaneous flushes
- (7) Liquid level measurement instrument changes from the automatic FIC to manual tape (and vice versa) result in unusual gains or losses because the manual tape may rest on an uneven crust surface giving a different reading from that of the automatic FIC.
- (8) Results from pumping of single-shell tanks to double-shell tanks.
- (9) Tracks waste being sent to the double-shell tanks from the "Precampaign Training Run." Evaporator procedures require a training run at least once per year. This also includes pressure testing and flushing of cross-site transfer lines.

WASTE VOLUME REDUCTION

- (10) Currently inoperative.
- Currently operative. The 242-A Evaporator-Crystallizer was started up March 1977, and shut down April 1989 because of regulatory issues, and remained shut down for subsequent upgrading. This evaporator operates under a vacuum, employing evaporative concentration with subsequent crystallization and precipitation of salt crystals (forming saltcake). The evaporator was restarted on April 15, 1994.

TABLE F-2. SUMMARY OF WASTE TRANSACTIONS IN THE DOUBLE-SHELL TANKS

SUMMARY OF WASTE TRANSACTIONS IN THE DOUBLE-SHELL TANK (DST) SYSTEM FOR SEPTEMBER 1998: ALL VOLUMES IN KGALS

- The DST system received waste transfers/additions from Tank Farms, SST Stabilization and 222S (Labs) in September.
- There was a net change of +8 Kgals in the DST system for September 1998.
- The total DST inventory as of September 30, 1998 was 18,598 Kgals.
- There was no Saltwell Liquid (SWL) pumped to the East Area DSTs in September.
- There was 9 Kgals of Saltwell Liquid (SWL) pumped to the West Area DSTs (102-SY) in September.
- Last months report had an error in the breakdown of waste receipts. ~4 Kgals of waste that was charged to
- SST stabilization actually originated in the 222S facility. The correction was made and noted.

	SEPT	EMBER 1998 DST WASTE	RECEIPTS	'			
FACILITY GENER	RATIONS	OTHER GAINS ASSOC	CIATED WITH	OTHER LOSSES ASSOCIATED WITH			
SWL (West)	+9 Kgal (2\$Y)	SLURRY	+6 Kgal	SLURRY	-1 Kgat		
222S (Labs)	+1 Kgai (2SY)	CONDENSATE	+0 Kgal	CONDENSATE	-4 Kgal		
Tank Farms	+1 Kgal (2AW)	INSTRUMENTATION	+0 Kgal	INSTRUMENTATION	-0 Kgal		
TOTAL	+11 Kgel	UNKNOWN	+0 Kgal	UNKNOWN	-4 Kgal		
		TOTAL	+6 Kgal	TOTAL	-9 Kgal		

	ACTUAL DST WASTE RECEIPTS	PROJECTED DST WASTE RECEIPTS	MISC. DST CHANGES (+/-)	WVR	NET DST CHANGE	TOTAL DST VOLUME
OCT97	0	64	-31	0	-31	18322
NOV97	0	77	2	0	2	18324
DEC97	0	74	-27	0	-27	18297
JAN98	4	74	-37	0	-33	18264
FEB98	7	74	9	0	+16	18280
MAR98	22	74	-7	0	+15	18295
APR98	9	89	32	0	+41	18336
MAY98	14	119	3	0	+17	18353
JUN98	59	30	15	0	+74	18427
JUL98	54	70	3	0	+57	18484
AUG98	101	104	5	0	+106	18590
SEP98	11	123	-3	0	+8	18598

NOTE: Shaded/bolded numbers in the "PROJECTED DST WASTE RECEIPTS" column were updated in April 1998.

FACILPAC



OTHER

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COMPARISON OF WASTE VOLUME GENERATIONS FOR HANFORD FACILITIES (ALL VOLUMES IN KGALS) THOUSAND GALLONS FY 1998/1999 **ACTUAL WASTE VOLUMES. 281 KGAL** OCT 'NOV 'DEC 'JAN 'FEB 'MAR APR 'MAY 'JUN 'JUL 'AUG 'SEP OCT 'NOV DEC 'JAN 'FEB MAR APR MAY JUN 'JUL 'AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC FY 1998 FY 1999 **FY 2000** SWL WEST SWL EAST ISS O Ð 100 AREA 400 ARFA 300 AREA S PLANT **T PLANT** W TANK FARMS **B PLANT** Ó **PUREX** \Box

FIGURE F-1. COMPARISON OF WASTE VOLUME GENERATIONS FOR HANFORD FACILITIES (All volumes in Kgals)

NOTE: The Other Category is For Waste Generations From, Evaporator Transning, Pressure Tests and Cross-Site Transfers

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APPENDIX G

MISCELLANEOUS UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS AND SPECIAL SURVEILLANCE FACILITIES

TABLE G-1. EAST AND WEST AREA MISCELLANEOUS UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS AND SPECIAL SURVEILLANCE FACILITIES

ACTIVE - still running transfers through the associated diversion boxes or pipeline encasements

September 30, 1998

FACILITY	LOCATION	PURPOSE (receives waste from:)	(Gallons)	MONITORED BY	REMARKS
EAST AREA					a A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A
241-A-302-A	A Ferm	A-151 DB	967	SACS/ENRAF	Foamed over Catch Tank pump pit & div. box to prevent intrusion
241-ER-311	B Plant	ER-151, ER-152 DB	5991	SACS/CASS/FIC	Increase from 152 ER Jumper Leak Test
241-AX-152	AX Ferm	AX-152 DB	5296	SACS/MT	•
241-AZ-151	AZ Farm	AZ-702 condensate	6388	SACS/CASS/FIC	Volume changes daily - pumped to AZ-102 (8/24)
241-AZ-154	AZ Farm		25	SACS/CASS/MT	
244-BX-TK/SMP	BX Complex	DCRT - Receives from several farms	23591	SACS/MANUALLY	Using Manual Tape for tank
244-A-TK/SMP	A Complex	DCRT - Receives from several farms	7032	MCS/SACS/WTF	WTF
A-350	A Farm	Collects drainage	302	MCS/SACS/WTF	WTF pumped 9/98
AR-204	AY Farm	RR Cars during transfer to rec. tanks	225	DIP TUBE	Alarms on CASS
A-417	A Farm	•	11463	SACS/DIP TUBE	WTF - pumped 4/98
CR-003-TK/SUMP	C Farm	DCRT	4081	MT/ZIP CORD	Zip cord in sump O/S 3/11/96, water
		•			intrusion, 1/98
WEST AREA					
241-TX-302-C	TX Farm	TX-154 DB	407	SACS/CASS/ENRAF	
241-U-301-B	U Farm	U-151, U-152, U-153, U-252 DB	8140	SACS/CASS/ENRAF	Returned to service 12/30/93
241-UX-302-A	U Plant	UX-154 DB	1906	SACS/CASS/ENRAF	
241-S-304	S Farm	S-151 DB	170	SACS/CASS/ENRAF	Replaced S-302-A, 10/91; ENRAF installed 7/98
					Sump not alarming.
244-S-TK/SMP	S Farm	DCRT - Receives from several farms	13882	SACS/MANUALLY	CWF
244-TX-TK/SMP	TX Farm	DCRT - Receives from several farms	16604	SACS/MANUALLY	MT
Vent Station Catch	Tank	Cross Country Transfer Line	329	SACS/MANUALLY	MT
		Total Active Facilities 18	LEGEND:	DB - Diversion Box	
				DCRT - Double-Contained	Receiver Tank

Note: Readings may be taken manually or automatically by FIC (or ENRAFI. All FICs and manual ENRAFs connected to CASS. All tanks on CASS (either auto or manual) are also on the SACS database. If automatic connections to CASS are broken, readings are taken manually. Manual readings include readings taken by manual tape, manual FIC, or manual readings of automatic FIC (if CASS is printing "0"). Readings may also be taken by zip cord, which are acceptable but less accurate:

TK - Tank

SMP - Sump

FIC - Food Instrument Corporation measurement device

RS - Rebert Shaw instrument measurement device

RS - Rebert Shaw instrument measurement device

MFIC - Manual FIC

MT - Manual Tape

CWF - Weight Factor/SpG = Corrected Weight Factor

CASS - Computer Automated Surveillance System

SACS - Surveillance Automated Control System

MCS - Monitor and Control System

O/6 - Out of Service

ENRAF - Surface Level Measuring Device

TABLE G-2. EAST AREA INACTIVE MISC. UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS AND SPECIAL SURV. FACILITIES INACTIVE - no longer receiving waste transfers

September 30, 1998

MONITORED	М	ONI	ΤΟ.	RED
-----------	---	-----	-----	-----

<u>FACILITY</u>	LOCATION	RECEIVED WASTE FROM:	(Gallons)	BY	<u>REMARKS</u>
216-BY-201	8Y Farm	TBP Waste Line	Unknown	NM	(216-BY)
241-A-302-B	A Farm	A-152 D8	5720	CASS/MT	Isolated 1985, Project B-138
					Interim Stabilized 1990, Rain intrusion
241-AX-151	N of PUREX	PUREX	Unknown	NM	Isolated 1985
241-B-301-B	B Farm	B-151, B-152, B-153, B-252 DB	22250	NM	Isolated 1985 (1)
241-B-302-B	B Farm	8-154 DB	4930	NM	Isolated 1985 (1)
241-BX-302-A	BX Farm	BR-152, BX-153, BXR-152, BYR-152 DB	840	NM	Isolated 1985 (1)
241-BX-302-B	BX Farm	BX-154 DB	1040	NM	Isolated 1985 (1)
241-BX-302-C	BX Farm	BX-155 DB	870	NM	Isolated 1985 (1)
241-C-301-C	C Farm	C-151, C-152, C-153, C-252 DB	10470	NM	Isolated 1985 (1)
241-CX-70	Hot Semi-	Transfer lines	Unknown	NM	Isolated, Decommission Project,
241-CX-72	Works	Transfer lines	650	NM	See Dwg H-2-95-501, 2/5/87
241-ER-311A	SW B Plant	ER-151 DB	Unknown	NM	Isolated
244-AR VAULT	A Complex	Between farms & B-Plant	Unknown	NM	Not actively being used. Systems activated for final clean-out.
244-BXR-TK/SMP-001	BX Farm	Transfer lines	7200	NM	Interim Stabilization 1985 (1)
244-BXR-TK/SMP-002	BX Farm	Transfer lines	2180	NM	Interim Stabilization 1985 (1)
244-BXR-TK/SMP-003	BX Farm	Transfer lines	1810	NM	Interim Stabilization 1985 (1)
244-BXR-TK/SMP-011	BX Farm	Transfer lines	7100	NM	Interim Stabilization 1985 (1)
361-B-TANK	B Plant	Drainage from B-Plant	Unknown	NM	Interim Stabilization 1985 (1)

Total East Area mactive facilities 18

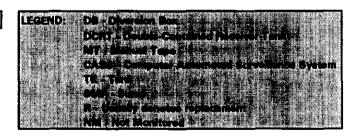


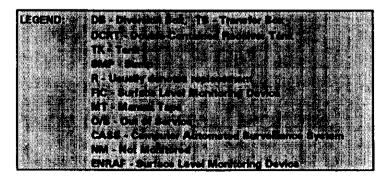
TABLE G-3. WEST AREA INACTIVE MISC. UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS AND SPECIAL SURV. FACILITIES INACTIVE - no longer receiving waste transfers

September 30, 1998

M	n	V	ITI	O E	(FI

					•
<u>FACILITY</u>	LOCATION	RECEIVED WASTE FROM:	(Gallons)	BY	REMARKS
216-TY-201	E. of TY Farm	Supernate from T-112	Unknown	NM	lsolated
231-W-151-001	N. of Z Plant	231-Z Floor drains	Unknown	NM	Inactive, lest data 1974
231-W-151-002	N. of Z Plant	231-Z Floor drains	Unknown	NM	Inective, lest date 1974
240-S-302	S Farm	240-S-151 DB	8557	CASS/ENRAF	Assumed Leeker EPDA 85-04
241-S-302-A	S Farm	241-S-151 DB	0	CASS/FIC *	Assumed Leaker TF-EFS-90-042
			* FIC in Intrus		Partially filled with grout 2/91, determined
					still assumed leaker after leak test
241-S-302-B	S Farm	S Encasements	Unknown	NM	Isolated 1985 (1)
241-SX-302	SX Farm	SX-151 DB, 151 TB	Unknown	NM	Isolated 1987
241-SX-304	SX Ferm	SX-152 Transfer Box, SX-151 DB	Unknown	NM	Isolated 1985 (1)
241-T-301	T Farm	DB T-151, -151, -153, -252	Unknown	NM	Isolated 1985 (241-T-301B)
241-TX-302	TX Farm	TX-153 DB	Unknown	NM	Isolated 1985 (1)
241-TX-302-X-B	TX Farm	TX Encasements	Unknown	NM	Isolated 1985 (1)
241-TX-302-B	TX Farm	TX-155 DB	1600	CASS/MT	New MT installed 7/16/93
241-TX-302B(R)	E. of TX Farm	TX-155 DB	Unknown	NM	Isolated
241-TY-302-A	TY Farm	TX-153 DB	Unknown	NM	Isolated 1985 (1)
241-TY-302-B	TY Farm	TY Encasements	Unknown	NM	Isolated 1985 (1)
241-Z-8	E. of Z Plant	Recupiex waste	Unknown	NM	Isolated, 1974, 1975
242-T-135	T Evaporator	T Evaporator	Unknown	NM	isolated
242-TA-R1	T Evaporator	Z Plant waste	Unknown	NM	Isolated
243-S-TK-1	N. of S Farm	Pers. Decon. Facility	Unknown	NM	Isolated
244-U-TK/SMP	U Farm	DCRT - Receives from several farms	Unknown	NM	Not yet in use
244-TXR VAULT	TX Farm	Transfer lines	Unknown	NM	Interim Stabilized, MT removed 1984 (1)
244-TXR-TK/SMP-001	TX Farm	Transfer lines	Unknown	NM	Interim Stabilized, MT removed 1984 (1)
244-TXR-TK/SMP-002	TX Farm	Transfer lines	Unknown	NM	Interim Stabilized, MT removed 1984 (1)
244-TXR-TK/SMP-003	TX Farm	Transfer lines	Unknown	NM	Interim Stabilized, MT removed 1984 (1)
270-W	SE of U Plant	Condensate from U-221	Unknown	NM	Isolated 1970
361-T-TANK	T Plant	Drainage from T-Plant	Unknown	NM	Isolated 1985 (1)
361-U-TANK	U Plant	Drainage from U-Plant	Unknown	NM	Interim Stabilzed, MT removed 1984 (1)

Total West Area mactive facilities 27



APPENDIX H

LEAK VOLUME ESTIMATES

TABLE H-1. SINGLE-SHELL TANK LEAK VOLUME ESTIMATES (Sheet 1 of 5) September 30, 1998

		Date Declared Confirmed or	Volume		Associated KiloCuries		Interim Stabilized	Leak I	Estimate
Tank Number		Assumed Leaker (3)	Gallons (2)(4)		137 cs (10)		Date (12)	Updated	Reference
241-A-103		1987	5500	(9)			06/88	1987	(j)
241-A-104		1975	500 to 2500	•	0.8 to 1.8 85 to 760		09/78 07/79	1983 1991	(a)(q) (b)(c)
241-A-105	(1)	1963	10000 to 277000		85 10 760	(0)		1991	(5/(0/
241-AX-102		1988	3000				09/88	1989 1989	(h) (g)
241-AX-104 241-B-101		1977 1974		(7) (7)			08/81 03/81	1989	(g)
241-B-103		1978		(7)			02/85	1989	(o)
241-B-105 241-B-107		1978 1980	8000	(7) (9)			12/84 03/85	1989 1986	(g) (d)(f)
241-B-110		1981	10000	(9)			03/85	1986	(d)
241-8-111		1978 1978	2000	(7)			06/85 05/85	1989 1989	(g) (g)
241-B-112 241-B-201		1980	1200	(9)			08/81	1984	(o)(f)
241-B-203		1983 1984	300 400	(9) (9)			06/84 06/84	1986 1989	(d) (g)
241-B-204 241-BX-101		1972		(7)			09/78	1989	(g)
241-BX-102		1971	70000	•	50		11/78 07/79	1986 1986	(đ) (d)
241-BX-108 241-BX-110		1974 1976	2500	(7)	0.5	11)	08/85	1989	(g)
241-BX-111		1984 (14)		(7)			03/95	1993	(g)(r)
241-BY-103 241-BY-105		1973 1984	<5000	(7)			11/97 N/A	1983 1989	(a) (g)
241-BY-106		1984		(7)			N/A	1989	(g)
241-BY-107 241-BY-108		1984 1972	15100 <5000	(9)			07/79 02/85	1989 1983	(g) (a)
241-C-101		1980	20000	(9)(11)		11/83	1986	(d)
241-C-110		1984	2000	(0)			05/95 03/84	1989 1989	(g)
241-C-111 241-C-201	(5)	1968 1988	5500 550	(9)			03/82	1987	(g) (i)
241-C-202	(5)	1988	450 400	(0)			08/81 03/82	1987 1986	(i) (d)
241-C-203 241-C-204	(5)	1984 1988	350	(9)			09/82	1987	(i)
241-S-104		1968	24000	(9)			12/84	1989	(g)
241-SX-104		1988	6000	(9)			N/A	1988	(k)
241-SX-107 241-SX-108	(6)(15)	1964 1962	<5000 2400 to		17 to 140		10/79 08/79	1983 1991	(a) (m)(q)(u)
			35000 <10000		(m)(q)(u)	(n)(u)	05/81	1992	(n)(u)
241-SX-109 241-SX-110	(6)(15)	19 6 5 1976	5500	(9)		(ii)(u)	08/79	1989	(g)
241-5X-111	(15)	1974	500 to 2000		0.6 to 2.4			1986	(q)(q)(n)
241-SX-112 241-SX-113	(15)	1969 1962	30000 15000		40 8	(l)(u) (l)	07/79 11/78	1986 1986	(d)(u) (d)
241-SX-114		1972		(7)			07/79	1989	(g)
241-SX-115		1965 1992	50000 7500	/91	21_	<u>(o)</u>	09/78 04/93	1992 1992	(p)
241-T-101 241-T-103		1974	< 1000	(9)			11/83	1989	(g)
241-T-106 241-T-107		1973 1984	115000	(9) (7)	40	(1)	08/81 05/96	1986 1989	(d) (g)
241-T-108		1974	< 1000	(9)			11/78	1980	(f)
241-T-109 241-T-111		1974 1979, 1994 (13)	<1000 <1000	(9) (9)			12/84 02/95	1989 1994	(g) (f)(t)
241-TX-105		1977		(7)			04/83	1989	(g)
241-TX-107	(6)	1984 1977	2500	(7)			10/79 04/83	1986 1989	(d)
241-TX-110 241-TX-113		1974		(7)			04/83	1989	(g) (g)
241-TX-114 241-TX-115		1974 1977		(7) (7)			04/83 09/83	1989 1989	(g) (g)
241-TX-116		1977		(7)			04/83	1989	(g)
241-TX-117		1977	<1000	(7)			03/83	1989	(<u>o</u>)
241-TY-101 241-TY-103		1973 1973	3000	•	0.7	(1)	04/83 02/83	1980 1986	(f) (d)
241-TY-104		1981	1400	(9)			11/83	1986	(d)
241-TY-105 241-TY-106		1960 1959	35000 20000			(I) (I)	02/83 11/78	1986 1986	(d) (d)
241-U-101	·····	1959	30000		20	(1)	09/79	1986	(d)
241-U-104 241-U-110		1961 1975	55000 5000 to 8100	(9)	0.09 0.05		10/78 12/84	1986 1986	(d) (d)(g)
241-U-112		1980	8500		0.05	147	09/79	1986	(d) (d)
erat esca			<750,000 - 1	050,00	XO (8) OX				

N/A = not applicable (not yet interim stabilized)

TABLE H-1. SINGLE-SHELL LEAK VOLUME ESTIMATES (Sheet 2 of 5)

Footnotes:

- Current estimates [see reference(b)] are that 610 Kgallons of cooling water was added to Tank 241-A-105 from November 1970 to December 1978 to aid in evaporative cooling. In accordance with <u>Dangerous Waste Regulations</u> [Washington Administrative Code 173-303-070 (2)(a)(ii), as amended, Washington State Department of Ecology, 1990, Olympia, Washington], any of this cooling water that has been added and subsequently leaked from the tank must be classified as a waste and should be included in the total leak volume. In August 1991, the leak volume estimate for this tank was updated in accordance with the WAC regulations. Previous estimates excluded the cooling water leaks from the total leak volume estimates because the waste content (concentration) in the cooling water which leaked should be much less than the original liquid waste in the tank (the sludge is relatively insoluble). The total leak volume estimate in this report (10 Kgallons to 277 Kgallons) is based on the following (see References):
 - 1. Reference (b) contains an estimate of 5 Kgallons to 15 Kgallons for the initial leak prior to August 1968.
 - 2. Reference (b) contains an estimate of 5 Kgallons to 30 Kgallons for the leak while the tank was being sluiced from August 1968 to November 1970.
 - 3. Reference (b) contains an estimate of 610 Kgallons of cooling water added to the tank from November 1970 to December 1978 but it was estimated that the leakage was small during this period. This reference contains the statement "Sufficient heat was generated in the tank to evaporate most, and perhaps nearly all, of this water." This results in a low estimate of zero gallons leakage from November 1970 to December 1978.
 - 4. Reference (c) contains an estimate the 378 to 410 Kgallons evaporated out of the tank from November 1970 to December 1978. Subtracting the minimum evaporation estimate from the cooling water added estimate provides a range from 0 to 232 Kgallons of cooling water leakage from November 1970 to December 1978.

	Low Estimate	High Estimate
Prior to August 1968	5,000	15,000
August 1968 to November 1970	5,000	30,000
November 1970 to December 1978	0	232,000
Totals	10,000	277,000

- These leak volume estimates do not include (with some exceptions), such things as: (a) cooling/raw water leaks, (b) intrusions (rain infiltration) and subsequent leaks, (c) leaks inside the tank farm but not through the tank liner (surface leaks, pipeline leaks, leaks at the joint for the overflow or fill lines, etc.), and (d) leaks from catch tanks, diversion boxes, encasements, etc.
- (3) In many cases, a leak was suspected long before it was identified or confirmed. For example, reference (d) shows that Tank 241-U-104 was suspected of leaking in 1956. The leak was "confirmed" in 1961. This report lists the "assumed leaker" date of 1961. Using present standards, Tank 241-U-104 would have been declared an assumed leaker in 1956. In 1984, the criteria designations of "suspected leaker," "questionable integrity," "confirmed leaker," "declared leaker," "borderline" and "dormant," were merged into one category now reported as "assumed leaker." See reference (f) for explanation of when, how long, and how fast some of the tanks leaked. It is highly likely that there have been undetected leaks from single-shell tanks because of the nature of their design and instrumentation.
- (4) There has been an effort in the past few years to re-evaluate these leak volume estimates; however, the activity is not currently funded.

TABLE H-1. SINGLE-SHELL TANK LEAK VOLUME ESTIMATES (Sheet 3 of 5)

- (5) The leak volume estimate date for these tank is before the "declared leaker" date because the tank was in a "suspected leaker" or "questionable integrity" status; however, a leak volume had been estimated prior to the tank being reclassified.
- (6) The increasing radiation levels in drywells and laterals associated with these three tanks could be indicative of a continuing leak or movement of existing radio nuclides in the soil. There is no conclusive way to confirm these observations.
- (7) Methods were used to estimate the leak volumes from these 19 tanks based on the <u>assumption</u> that their cumulative leakage is approximately the same as for 18 of the 24 tanks identified in footnote (9). For more details see reference (g). The total leak volume estimate for these tanks is 150 Kgallons (rounded to the nearest Kgallons), for an average of approximately 8 Kgallons for each of 19 tanks.
- (8) The total has been rounded to the nearest 50 Kgallons. Upper bound values were used in many cases in developing these estimates. It is likely that some of these tanks have not actually leaked.
- (9) Leak volume estimate is based solely on observed liquid level decreases in these tanks. This is considered to be the most accurate method for estimating leak volumes.
- (10) The curie content shown is as listed in the reference document and is <u>not</u> decayed to a consistent date: therefore, a cumulative total is inappropriate.
- Tank 241-C-101 experienced a liquid level decrease in the late 1960s and was taken out of service and pumped to a "minimum heel" in December 1969. In 1970, the tank was classified as a "questionable integrity" tank. Liquid level data show decreases in level throughout the 1970s and the tank was saltwell pumped during the 1970s, ending in April 1979. The tank was reclassified as a "confirmed leaker" in January 1980. See references (q) and (s); refer to reference (s) for information on the potential for there to have been leaks from other C-farm tanks (specifically, C-102, C-103, and C-109).
- (12) These dates indicate when the tanks were declared to be interim stabilized. In some cases, the official interim stabilization documents were issued at a later date. Also, in some cases, the field work associated with interim stabilization was completed at an earlier date.
- (13) Tank T-111 was declared an assumed re-leaker on February 28, 1994, due to a decreasing trend in surface level measurement. This tank was pumped, and interim stabilization completed on February 22, 1995.
- (14) Tank BX-111 was declared an assumed re-leaker in April 1993. Preparations for pumping were delayed, following an administrative hold place on all tank farm operations in August 1993. Pumping resumed and the tank was declared interim stabilized on March 15, 1995.
- (15) The leak volume and curie release estimates on SX-108, SX-109, SX-111, and SX-112 have been reevaluated using a Historical Leak Model [see reference (u)]. In general, the model estimates are much higher
 than the values listed in the table, both for volume and curies released. The values listed in the table do not
 reflect this revised estimate because, "In particular, it is worth emphasizing that this report was never meant to
 be a definitive update for the leak baseline at the Hanford Site. It was rather meant to be an attempt to view the
 issue of leak inventories with a new and different methodology." (This quote is from the first page of the
 referenced report). Therefore, an uncertainty analysis to determine the applicability of this methodology is
 currently in progress.

TABLE H-1. SINGLE-SHELL TANK LEAK VOLUME ESTIMATES (Sheet 4 of 5)

References:

- (a) Murthy, K.S., et al, June 1983, Assessment of Single-Shell Tank Residual Liquid Issues at Hanford Site, Washington, PNL-4688, Pacific Northwest Laboratory, Richland, Washington.
- (b) WHC, 1991a, Tank 241-A-105 Leak Assessment, WHC-MR-0264, Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, Washington.
- (c) WHC, 1991b, Tank 241-A-105 Evaporation Estimate 1970 Through 1978, WHC-EP-0410, Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, Washington.
- (d) Smith, D. A., January 1986, Single-Shell Tank Isolation Safety Analysis Report, SD-WM-SAR-006, Rev. 1, Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, Washington.
- (e) McCann, D. C., and T. S. Vail, September 1984, Wasie Status Summary, RHO-RE-SR-14, Rockwell Hanford Operations, Richland, Washington.
- (f) Catlin, R. J., March 1980, Assessment of the Surveillance Program of the High-Level Waste Storage Tanks at Hanford, Hanford Engineering Development Laboratory, Richland, Washington.
- (g) Baumhardt, R. J., May 15, 1989, Letter to R. E. Gerton, U.S. Department of Energy-Richland Operations Office, Single-Shell Tank Leak Volumes, 8901832B R1, Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, Washington.
- (h) WHC, 1990a, Occurrence Report, Surface Level Measurement Decrease in Single-Shell Tank 241-AX-102, WHC-UO-89-023-TF-05, Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, Washington.
- (i) Groth, D. R., July 1, 1987, Internal Memorandum to R. J. Baumhardt, Liquid Level Losses in Tanks 241-C-201, -202 and -204, 65950-87-517, Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, Washington.
- (j) Groth, D. R. and G. C. Owens, May 15, 1987, Internal Memorandum to J. H. Roecker, *Tank 103-A Integrity Evaluation*, Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, Washington.
- (k) Campbell, G. D., July 8, 1988, Internal Memorandum to R. K. Welty, Engineering Investigation: Interstitial Liquid Level Decrease in Tank 241-SX-104, 13331-88-416, Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, Washington.
- (1) ERDA, 1975, Final Environmental Statement Waste Management Operations, Hanford Reservation, Richland, Washington, ERDA-1538, 2 vols., U.S. Energy Research and Development Administration, Washington, D.C.
- (m) WHC, 1992a, Tank 241-SX-108 Leak Assessment, WHC-MR-0300, Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, Washington.
- (n) WHC, 1992b, Tank 241-SX-109 Leak Assessment, WHC-MR-0301, Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, Washington.
- (o) WHC, 1992c, Tank 241-SX-115 Leak Assessment, WHC-MR-0302, Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, Washington.

TABLE H-1. SINGLE-SHELL TANK LEAK VOLUME ESTIMATES (Sheet 5 of 5)

- (p) WHC, 1992d, Occurrence Report, Apparent Decrease in Liquid Level in Single Shell Underground Storage Tank 241-T-101, Leak Suspected; Investigation Continuing, RL-WHC-TANKFARM-1992-0073, Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, Washington.
- (q) WHC,1990b, A History of the 200 Area Tank Farms, WHC-MR-0132, Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, Washington.
- (r) WHC, 1993, Occurrence Report, Single-Shell Underground Waste Storage Tank 241-BX-111 Surface Level Decrease and Change From Steady State Condition, RL-WHC-TANKFARM-1993-0035, Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, Washington.
- (s) WHC, 1993a, Assessment of Unsaturated Zone Radionuclide Contamination Around Single-Shell Tanks 241-C-105 and 241-C-106, WHC-SD-EN-TI-185, REV OA, Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, Washington.
- (t) WHC, 1994, Occurrence Report, Apparent Liquid Level Decrease in Single Shell Underground Storage Tank 241-T-111; Declared an Assumed Re-Leaker, RL-WHC-TANKFARM-1994-0009, Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, Washington.
- (u) HNF, 1998, Agnew, S. F. and R. A. Corbin, August 1998, Analysis of SX Farm Leak Histories Historical Leak Model, (HLM), HNF-3233, Rev. 0, Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico

APPENDIX I

INTERIM STABILIZATION STATUS CONTROLLED, CLEAN, AND STABLE STATUS

TABLE I-1. SINGLE-SHELL TANKS INTERIM STABILIZATION STATUS (Sheet 1 of 3) September 30, 1998

		Interim				Interim	1			Interim	
Tenk	Tank	Stabil.	Stabil.	Tank	Tank	Stabil.	Stabil.	Tank	Tank	Stabil.	Stabil.
Number	Integrity	Data (1)	Method	Number	Integrity	Date (1)	Method	Number	Integrity	Date (1)	Method
A-101	SOUND	N/A		C-101	ASMD LKR	11/83	AR	T-108	ASMD LKR	11/78	AR
A-102	SOUND	08/89	SN	C-102	SOUND	09/95	JET	T-109	ASMD LKR	12/84	AR
A-103	ASMD LKR	06/86	AR	C-103	SOUND	N/A		T-110	SOUND	N/A	
A-104	ASMD LKR	09/78	AR	C-104	SOUND	09/89	SN	T-111	ASMO LKR	02/95	JET
A-105	ASMD LKR	07/79	AR	C-106	SOUND	10/96	AR (6)	T-112	SOUND	03/81	AR(2)(3)
A-106	SOUND	08/82	AR	C-106	SOUND	N/A	ļ	T-201	SOUND	04/81	AR (3)
AX-101	SOUND	N/A		C-107	SOUND	09/86	JET	T-202	SOUND	08/81	AR
AX-102	ASMD LKR	09/88	SN	C-108	SOUND	03/84	AR	T-203	SOUND	04/81	AR
AX-103	SOUND	08/87	AR	C-109	SOUND	11/83 05/95	AR	T-204 TX-101	SOUND	08/81	AR
AX-104 B-101	ASMOLKR ASMOKR	08/81	AR SN	C-110 C-111	ASMD LKR	03/84	JET SN	TX-101	SOUND	02/84	AR JET
B-102	SOUND	08/85	SN	C-111	SOUND	09/90	AR	TX-102	SOUND	04/83 08/83	JET
B-103	ASMD IKR	02/86	SN	C-201	ASMD LKR	03/82	AR	TX-104	SOUND	09/79	SN
B-104	SOUND	06/85	SN	C-202	ASMD LKR	08/81	AR	TX-105	ASMD LKR	04/83	JET
B-105	ASMD IKR	12/84	AR	C-203	ASMD LKR	03/82	AR	TX-106	SOUND	06/83	JET
B-106	SOUND	03/85	SN	C-204	ASMD LKR	09/82	AR	TX-107	ASMD LKR	10/79	AR
B-107	ASMD LKR	03/86	SN	S-101	SOUND	N/A		X-108	SOUND	03/83	JET
B-108	SOUND	05/85	SN	S-102	SOUND	N/A		TX-109	SOUND	04/83	JET
B-109	SOUND	04/85	SN	S-103	SOUND	N/A		TX-110	ASMD LKR	04/83	JET
B-110	ASMD LKR	12/84	AR	S-104	ASMD LKR	12/84	AR	X-111	SOUND	04/83	JET
B-111	ASMD LKR	06/85	SN	S-105	SOUND	09/88	JET	TX-112	SOUND	04/83	JET
B-112	ASMD LKR	05/85	SN	S-106	SOUND	N/A		TX-113	ASMD LKR	04/83	JET
B-201	ASMD LKR	08/81	AR (3)	S-107	SOUND	N/A		TX-114	ASMD LKR	04/83	JET
B-202	SOUND	05/85	AR	S-108	SOUND	12/96	JET (7)	TX-115	ASMD LKR	09/83	JET
B-203	ASMD LKR	06/84	AR	S-109	SOUND	N/A		TX-116	ASMD LKR	04/83	JET
B-204	ASMD LKR	06/84	AR	S-110	SOUND	01/97	JET (8)	TX-117	ASMD LKR	03/83	JET
BX-101	ASMD LKR	09/78	AR	S-111	SOUND	N/A		X-118	SOUND	04/B3	JET
BX-102	ASMD LKR	11/78	AR	8-112	SOUND	N/A		TY-101	ASMD LKR	04/83	JET
BX-103	SOUND	11/83	AR(2)	SX-101	SOUND	N/A		TY-102	SOUND	09/79	AR
BX-104	SOUND	09/89	SN	SX-102	SOUND	N/A		TY-103	ASMD LKR	02/83	JET
8X-105	SOUND	03/81	SN	SX-103	SOUND	N/A		TY-104	ASMD LKR	11/83	AR
BX-106 BX-107	SOUND	07/95 09/90	\$N JET	SX-104 SX-105	ASMD LKR	N/A	-	TY-105	ASMD LKR	02/83	JET
BX-106	ASMD LKR	07/79	SN	SX-105	SOUND	N/A N/A		TY-106 U-101	ASMD LKR	11/78	AR
3X-109	SOUND	09/90	JET	SX-107	ASMD LKR	10/79	AR	U-102	ASMD LKR SOUND	09/79	AR
3X-110	ASMD LKR	08/85	SN (4)	SX-108	ASMD LKR	08/79	AR	₩ U-102	SOUND	N/A N/A	
3X-111	ASMD LKR	03/95	JET	SX-109	ASMD LKR	05/81	AR	U-104	ASMD LKR	10/78	AR
3X-112	SOUND	09/90	JET	\$X-110	ASMD LKR	08/79	AR	W-105	SOUND	N/A	- An
3Y-101	SOUND	05/84	JET	SX-111	ASMD LKR	07/79	SN	U-106	SOUND	N/A	
3Y-102	SOUND	04/95	JET	SX-112	ASMD LKR	07/79	AR	U-107	SOUND	N/A	
Y-103	ASMD LKR	11/97	JET(10)	SX-113	ASMD LKR	11/78	AR	U-108	SOUND	N/A	
3Y-104	SOUND	01/85	JET	SX-114	ASMD LKR	07/79	AR	U-109	SOUND	N/A	
3Y-105	ASMOLKR	N/A		SX-115	ASMD LKR	09/78	AR	W-110	ASMD LKR	12/84	AR
3Y-106	ASMD LKR	N/A		T-101	ASMD LKR	04/93	SN	U-111	SOUND	N/A	
Y-107	ASMD LKR	07/79	JET	T-102	SOUND	03/.81	AR(2)(3)	U-112	ASMO LKR	09/79	AR
Y-108	ASMD LKR	02/86	JET	T-103	ASMD LKR	11/83	AR	U-201	SOUND	08/79	AR
3Y-10 9	SOUND	07/97	JET(9)	T-104	SOUND	N/A		U-202	SOUND	08/79	SN
3Y-110	SOUND	01/86	JET	T-105	SOUND	06/87	AR	U-203	SOUND	08/79	AR
Y-111	SOUND	01/85	JET	T-106	ASMD LKR	08/81	AR	U-204	SOUND	08/79	SN
3Y-112	SOUND	06/84	JET	T-107	ASMD LKR	06/96	JET				
EGEND:											
	dministratively							Interim St	abilized Tank	:8	119
	Saltwell jet pui				tial liquid			Not Yet Ir	nterim Stabili;	zed	30
SN = Supernate pumped (Non-Jet pumped)											
N/A = Not yet interim stabilized ASMD LKR = Assumed Leaker						Total :	Single-Shell T	anks	149		

TABLE 1-1. SINGLE-SHELL TANKS INTERIM STABILIZATION STATUS (sheet 2 of 3)

Footnotes:

- (1) These dates indicate when the tanks were actually interim stabilized. In some cases, the official interim stabilization documents were issued at a later date.
- Originally, seven tanks (B-104, B-110, B-111, BX-103, T-102, and T-112) did not meet current established supernatant and interstitial liquid interim stabilization criteria, but <u>did</u> meet the criteria in existence when they were declared interim stabilized.

B-110. B-111. U-110 were determined to have met current interim stabilization criteria, per WHC-SD-WM-ER-516-REV 0, "Interim Stabilization Status of SSTs B-104, B-110, B-111, T-102, T-112, and U-110," and WHC-SD-WM-ER-518-REV 0, "Investigation of Liquid Intrusion in 241-BX-103," both dated October 5, 1995.

<u>B-104, BX-103, T-102, T-112</u> have been determined to meet current interim stabilization criteria as of September 30, 1996, per memo 9654456, J. H. Wicks to Dr. J. K. McClusky, DOE-RL.

<u>B-202</u> was determined to no longer meet the current established criteria for 200-series tanks due to a steady increase in the surface level indicating an ongoing intrusion based on a comparison of in-tank videos and subsequent evaluation in March 1996.

- (3) Original Interim Stabilization data are missing on four tanks: B-201, T-102, T-112, and T-201
- (4) BX-110 was interim stabilized by Supernate Pumping in August 1985. Jet pumping began in December 1993 and soon stopped because of equipment failure. Due to low net volume pumped, major equipment failure, and ALARA, it was decided jet pumping would not resume. An in-tank video was taken in October 1994. Reevaluation after review of the video indicated 1.5 Kgallons of waste was pumped. (Almost 3 Kgallons of water flushes were needed to produce 1.5 Kgallons tank waste.)
- (5) C-105 was interim stabilized administratively on October 30, 1995. No jet pumping occurred in this tank, nor does interstitial liquid level data exist for this tank. There are no diptubes or LOWs installed. Approximately 12 Kgallons of liquid waste was evaporated between May 1993 and October 1995. An in-tank video taken August 30, 1995, revealed a shallow supernatant pool surrounded by a 5-8 foot solids waste shore. The volume of supernate is estimated as 2 Kgallons. The tank currently meets the established criteria for declaring single-shell tanks Interim Stabilized.
- (6) T-107 was interim stabilized by Jet Pumping in May 1996. Pumping was completed in March, and an in-tank video taken in May showed no supernate visible on the surface. The surface has an irregular contour of mostly sludge, and the elevation differences between high and low points appear to be about four inches.
- (7) S-108 was interim stabilized by Jet Pumping in December 1996. Pumping was completed in September and an in-tank video taken in December showed no supernate visible on the surface of the waste, which appears to be saltcake. The video shows a relatively level surface with some caving and crowning. Total waste is 448.7 Kgallons, with drainable liquids 4.0 Kgallons and no pumpable liquids.
- (8) S-110 was interim stabilized by Jet Pumping in January 1997. Pumping was completed in July 1996, and an in-tank video taken in December showed no supernate visible on the surface of the waste, which appears to be saltcake. The level is not consistent and there appears to have been some caving and crowning. Total waste is 389.0 Kgallons, with drainable liquids 29.8 Kgallons and pumpable liquids 23.4 Kgallons.
- (9) BY-109 was interim stabilized by Jet Pumping in July 1997. Pumping was completed in May 1997, and an intank video taken in June indicated there is a relatively uniform, slightly concave, crusty/cracked contour over most of the surface with no visible supernate. Total waste is 290.0 Kgallons, with drainable liquids 36.7 Kgallons, and pumpable liquids 20.3 Kgallons.

TABLE I-1. SINGLE-SHELL TANKS INTERIM STABILIZATION STATUS (sheet 3 of 3)

(10) BY-103 was interim stabilized in November 1997, after completion of jet pumping in September. An in-tank video taken in February 1997 showed no visible surface liquid and no evidence of an intrusion. The waste was dry and flaky. Dried, caked waste was suspended from many of the pipes and pieces of process equipment. The overall surface of the waste seemed to slump slightly towards the center of the tank. Total waste is 414 Kgallons, with drainable liquids 38.3 Kgallons, and pumpable liquids 31.9 Kgallons.

TABLE I-2. TRI-PARTY AGREEMENT SINGLE-SHELL TANK INTERIM STABILIZATION SCHEDULE

September 30, 1998

As part of the Controlled, Clean, and Stable mission, the Single-Shell Tank Interim Stabilization Project goal is to mitigate the risk to the environment from a leak release from aging SSTs, by removing as much of the drainable liquid as practical, for safe storage prior to full waste retrieval.

New TPA milestones were negotiated effective September 23, 1996, to allow greater flexibility in the sequencing of tanks, in light of the latest technical information regarding tank waste safety status and watch list concerns.

Milestone	Description	Due Date	Actual Date	Comments
M-41-20	Start Interim Stabilization of 4 Single-Shell Tanks	9/30/96	3/24/96	S-108, S-110, T-104, and T-107 started.
M-41-21	Start Interim Stabilization of 2 Single-Shell Tanks	5/31/97 (1)	5/12/97	BY-109 started 9/10/96; T-110 started 5/12/97
M-41-22	Start Interim Stabilization of 6 Single-Shell Tanks	9/30/97 (2)(4)		BY-103 started 9/29/97, SX-104 started 9/26/97
M-41-23	Start Interim Stabilization of 8 Single-Shell Tanks	3/31/98 (3)(4)		
M-41-24	Start Interim Stabilization of 9 Single-Shell Tanks	9/30/98 (4)		
M-41-25	Start Interim Stabilization of 3 Single-Shell Tanks	3/31/99 (4)		
M-41-26	Start Interim Stabilization of 2 Single-Shell Tanks	9/30/99 (4)		
M-41-27	Complete Saltwell Pumping of Single-Shell Tanks	9/30/00 (4)		
M-41-00	Complete Interim Stabilization of Single-Shell Tanks including Intrusion Prevention	9/30/00 (4)		

- (1) On March 13, 1997, Department of Ecology (Ecology) approved Change Control Form M-41-96-03, extending M-41-21 from March 31 to May 31, 1997.
- (2) Change Control Form M-41-97-01 was sent to Ecology on June 27, 1997; Dispute Resolution invoked on July 16, 1997. This Change Request was denied by the Director of Ecology on February 10, 1998.
- (3) Change Control Form M-41-97-02 was sent to Ecology on December 29, 1997. Dispute Resolution invoked on January 13, 1998. This Change Request was denied by the Director of Ecology on March 10, 1998.
- (4) Path Forward Plan submitted to Ecology on April 15, 1998, projects completion date of September 30, 2004.

TABLE I-3. SINGLE-SHELL TANKS STABILIZATION STATUS SUMMARY September 30, 1998

Partial Interim Isolated (PI)	Intrusion Preven	tion Completed (IP)	Interim Stabiliz	zed (IS)
EAST AREA	EAST AREA	WEST AREA	EAST AREA	WEST AREA
A-101	A-103	S-104	A-102	S-104
A-102	A-104	S-105	A-103	S-105
	A-105		A-104	S-108
AX-101	A-106	SX-107	A-105	S-110
		SX-108	A-106	
BY-102	AX-102	SX-109	*** 455	SX-107
BY-103	AX-103	SX-110	AX-102	SX-108
BY-105	AX-104	SX-111	AX-103	SX-109
BY-106	5 5 4 Day 4 6 4 1	SX-112	AX-104	SX-110
BY-109	B-FARM - 16 tanks	SX-113	0.51514 401	SX-111
	BX-FARM - 12 tanks	SX-114	B-FARM - 16 tanks	SX-112
C-103		SX-115	BX-FARM - 12 tanks	SX-113
C-105	BY-101	T 400	DV 404	SX-114
C-106	BY-104	T-102	BY-101	SX-115
East Area 11	BY-107	T-103	BY-102	T 404
	BY-108	T-105	BY-103	T-101
WEST AREA	BY-110	T-106	8Y-104	T-102
S-101	BY-111	T-108	BY-107 BY-108	T-103 T-105
S-102	BY-112	T-109		
S-103	0.404	T-112	BY-109	T-106
S-106	C-101 C-102	T-201 T-202	BY-110 BY-111	T-107 T-108
S-107	2		ł	
S-108	C-104 C-107	T-203	BY-112	T-109
S-109		T-204	. 404	T-111
S-110	C-108 C-109	TV CADIA 40 April 10	C-101	T-112
S-111	C-109 C-110	TX-FARM - 18 tanks TY-FARM - 6 tanks	C-102 C-104	T-201
S-112	C-110	I T-PARM - O LANKS	C-104 C-105	T-202 T-203
SX-101	C-112	U-101	C-105	T-204
SX-102	C-201	U-104	C-108	1-20-4
SX-103	C-202	U-112	C-109	TX-FARM - 18 tanks
SX-104	C-203	U-102	C-110	TY-FARM - 6 tanks
SX-105	C-204	U-202	C-111	I I-I AINM - U WIMB
SX-106	East Area 55	U-203	C-112	U-101
SA-100		U-204	C-201	U-104
T-101		West Area 53	C-202	U-110
T-104		Total 108	C-203	U-112
T-107			C-204	U-201
T-110			East Area 60	U-202
T-111				U-203
1-11)	Controlled, Clean, a	nd Stable (CCS)		U-204
U-102		<u> </u>		West Area 50
U-103	EAST AREA	WEST AREA		Total 119
U-105	BX-FARM - 12 Tanks	TX-FARM - 18 tanks	i	
U-106		TY FARM - 6 tanks		
U-107	East Area 12	West Area 24		
U-108		16 .3 3.5		
U-109				
U-110	Note: CCS activities I	nave been deferred		
U-111	until funding is availa			
West Area 29				
Total 40				
	=	•	•	

SINGLE SHELL TANK FARMS Interim Stabilization Progress Status

Interim Stabilized 119
Pumping In Progress 3
Planned 1
Pumping Planned 26
TOTAL SSTs 149

Status as of September 30, 1998 - Updated Quarterly

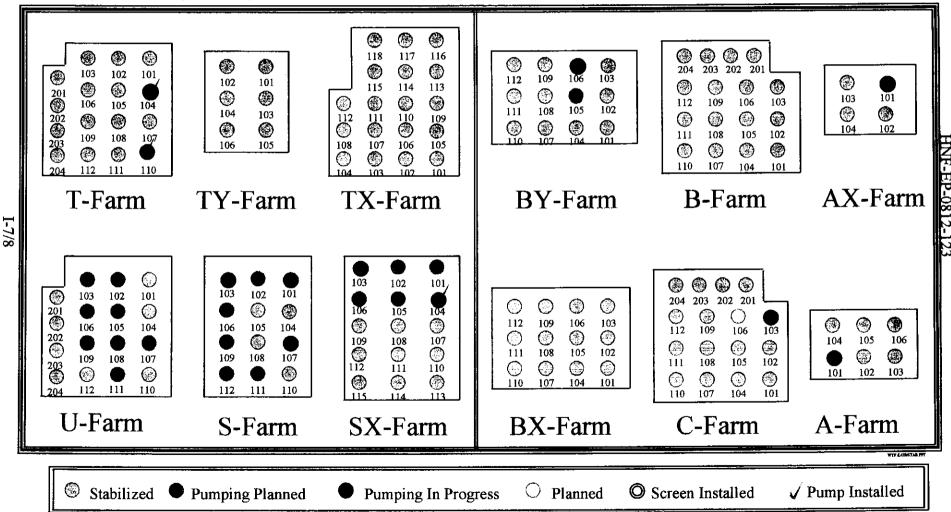


Figure I-1. SINGLE SHELL TANKS INTERIM STABILIZATION PROGRESS STATUS

APPENDIX J CHARACTERIZATION PROGRESS STATUS

Hanford Tank 200 West **200 East Farm Facilities** T-Tank Farm (0) (1) **(M)** 200 East and West (9) Characterization **Progress Status BX-Tank Farm** (Basis Priority) High Priority Tank TY-Tank Farm SY-Tank Farm **BY-Tank Farm** (9) 100 (19) (75) (20) All tanks 75 ft. dis. except 200 ser which are 20 ft. dis. @ 55,000 gal TX-Tank Farm 138 Tanks Sampled (Solid, Liquids) (115 (24) B-Tank Farm 26 Tanks Sampled (Vapor Only) 501 Samples Taken (112 (111) 42 Tanks - All Analyses Completed Status as of OCTOBER 2, 1998 (30) AP-Tank Farm (10) (a) U-Tank Farm (6) AN-Tank Farm S-Tank Farm 7 C-Tank Farm AZ-Tank Farm (65) (25) AX-Tank Farm (188 AY-Tank Farm SX-Tank Farm (104 (49) (29) (24) (106 (27) (195 (11**2** (23) (111 (23) (11**0** (23) (73) AW-Tank Farm (114) (25) A-Tank Farm Figure J-1 2G95120163.3-10/2/98

FIGURE J-1. CHARACTERIZATION PROGRESS STATUS CHART LEGEND (Sheet 2 of 2)

September 31, 1998

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
200 East/West	The chart divides the two areas.
Tank Farms	Each tank farm is represented by a rough schematic of the tank layout and a heading naming the farm.
Circles	Tanks are depicted by a circle for single-shell tanks and a double circle for double-shell tanks.
Boxes	A thin line box around a tank inside a tank farm denotes "Watch List" status, in concurrence with Table A-1 of this document.
Numbers in Circles	The top number is the tank number. The number in parentheses is a weighted priority number, described in WHC-SD-WM-TA-164, "Tank Waste Characterization Basis." The numbers can be compared to each other to gain appreciation of relative priority: the higher the number, the greater the priority to sample and analyze.
Underlined Numbers	If a number in parenthesis is underlined, it is denoted as a "Characterization Basis Tank," as described in WHC-SD-WM-TA-164, "Tank Waste Characterization Basis." These are key tanks taken from the priority list that are of principal interest to the Characterization Program.
Circle Shading	The shading in the circle indicates the degree to which sampling and analysis are complete per requirements described in applicable Data Quality Objectives (DQOs). If blank, no characterization sampling has taken place. If fully shaded, the sampling and analysis are complete for each DQO applicable to that tank. Tanks in which characterization has begun but is not complete are designated by being half shaded.
Corner Triangles	Small triangles near a tank circle give further information on half-shaded tanks. Upper left corner triangles indicate that vapor samples have been taken from the tank. Lower left-hand corner triangles indicate that the tank has been sampled, analyzed, and a formal report has been written on the condensed phase sampling. Further status of the tank will be determined after review of the report is complete. Lower right-hand corner triangles indicate that some review has been completed and it has been determined that more sampling is needed to resolve the DQO requirements. Absence of triangles from a half shaded tank indicates recent condensed phase sampling.

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